TERMS OF THE CONSTITUTION.

DAILY EDITION, by mail, one year $10; six months, $5 30; three months, $3, payable in advance.

WEEKLY EDITION published on Tuesdays, one year, $2 20; six months, $1 10. Payable in advance.

EXPIRATIONS. Look at the printed label on the paper; the date thereon shows when the subscription expires. Forward the money for renewal at least one week in advance.

COMMUNICATIONS must be accompanied by the true name and address of the writer, in order to receive attention. Rejected manuscripts will not be returned.

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

ORDINARY ADVERTISEMENTS, per square: One insertion, $1; two insertions, $1 50; three insertions, $2 00; six insertions, $3 50; twelve insertions, $6 50; twenty-four insertions, $9 00.

AUCTIONS, Amusements and Official Advertisements, $1 per square first insertion, 75 cents per square each additional insertion.

BUSINESS NOTICES, 25 cents a line. Marriages and Funeral Notices, 60 words, $1 each. Meetings, 35 words, 75 cents each.

NOTICES OF WANTS, to Rent, Lost and found, Boarding, 21 words 30 cents each insertion.

VOL. X. ATLANTA, GA. FRIDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 5, 1877. NO 96

FRIDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 5, 1877

GOLD opened in New York yesterday at 103, and closed at 102¾

COTTON, middling uplands, closed yesterday in New York at 11 3 16; in Liverpool at 6 7 16.

THE English railway swindle wasn't much of a swindle any way.

SCHURZ'S wigwam, the patent office, seems to be gradually crumbling to pieces.

A SWINDLE six years of age has been discovered in the postoffice department.

THE New York democratic convention refused to seat the anti-Tammany delegation.

THE coal companies are going to have a conference with the colliers in Pennsylvania.

MORTON'S physician hopes that his patient will be able to take his seat in the senate in December.

THE Gilman scrip forgeries are still the exciting topic in New York. The forgeries thus far discovered will aggregate $352,500.

You didn't know—did you?—that the zephyrs which played around Atlanta on Wednesday formed the outer rim of a cyclone.

WHENEVER a printer on the Macon Telegraph lays down his silver composing stick and dies, Col. Jones has him buried in an italic coffin.

THE cyclone, yesterday central in Georgia, was last night central on the middle Atlantic coast, hurrying to meet its mate from the lakes.

DR. MCFARLAND, of Savannah, pronounces the disease at Port Royal yellow fever, but as there are only about a hundred people in the village, no outside assistance will be needed.

CAPTAIN EADS, the famous engineer, has a plan to prevent the annual overflows of the Mississippi. He proposes to straighten the river by cutting through the bends.

RUFE INGALLS and Marcy want to give Don Piatt a chance to prove his allegations concerning them. This Colonel Piatt says he is able to do, and the probability is that Ingalls has lively times just ahead of him.

THE Apaches in lower New Mexico have again begun their depredations upon the whites. As Howard has already caught Joseph and skinned him alive, it would be well to start the christian soldier after the Apaches.

MUCH has been said in the papers about General Toombs' disabilities being in the way of his running for the senate. We have often heard that General Gordon was in favor of a general amnesty, and we hope he will push this matter before the next congress.

HON. W. H. FELTON, member of congress from the seventh district, knowing that Atlanta always stands by her promises, declares that her proposition to build a capitol for the state ought to determine all tax payers to vote that it shall remain here permanently. He announces for Atlanta, and believes that the people will do so at the ballot

A NEW VIEW OF IT.

There has been a great deal of discussion and a deal of interpretation over the remark that Postmaster General Key made at Bennington about "erring brethren." Judge Key spoke of it himself at the late Chattanooga banquet and defended his use of the term. Doubtless the matter will soon pass into a dim recollection or be entirely lost in the stream of ever-pressing events. Referring to it, however, Col. Tomlinson Fort, of Chattanooga, who was not only as gallant and leal a southern knight as ever fought for his heart's cause, but a progressive and liberal spirit in the conciliation era that is upon us, advances an idea that should not be put aside lightly.

Col. Fort says that Hayes was one of and finally the leader of the radical party, under whose administration of the government, Louisiana, South Carolina, and, indeed, "the solid south," had established over them governments administered by aliens, supported by arms, and without "the consent of the governed." These usurpations were in violation of the very first principles of the American system of government. When Hayes and his cabinet came to assume responsibility for the continuance of these fraudulent atrocities, they shrank from the crime they had helped to commit upon millions of freemen and abandoned the pursuit of it. They confessed judgment upon themselves and made the only reparation in their power "by emancipating the white people of the south from the bondage of the bayonet."

"In that sense," says Colonel Fort, "Hayes and his cabinet were Judge Key's erring brethren, and if they have no objections, he can, if he wishes, apologize for them." The point is well taken and the principle involved deftly woven into the argument. Col. Fort, it seems to us, has happily pointed out the true "erring brethren," and the lovers of pure government in this country should remember them as such hereafter—say in 1880.

The Colorado Election.

DENVER, October 4.—Returns from Tuesday's election in this state are very meagre. Stone, for judge of the supreme court, the nominee of both parties, is elected without opposition. There were no other nominees on the state ticket. The woman suffrage arrangement was defeated. In Denver the republicans elected Shirley mayor by thirty-one majority, and all else except one alderman in the fifth ward and the coroner.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

—Col. Milton Reese, of Washington, Ga., is in the city.

—Hon. Geo. T. Fry has gone to Washington city.

—Wash Blodgett, of the Georgia minstrels, was at the Markham.

—Congressman Harris has escaped from his constituency and gone to washington.

—The Barnesville Gazette was warmly in favor of Col. Tom Simmons for judge of the Macon circuit.

—Col. E. A. Flewellen arrived in this city yesterday morning, but was too ill to leave his car. He will doubtless be out to-day.

—Hon. J. D. Mathews, of Lexington, is in the city. He is one of the purest and wisest statesmen of Georgia and has a brilliant record.

—At the soldier's reunion on Tuesday last, at Hartwell, Ga., it was "Resolved, That we give one grand rebel yell just to see what Burdette, the Burlington *Hog-Eye* man, will say."

—The Athens Georgian anxiously asks: "Has Marcellus Thornton been extinguished?" It gives us pleasure to state that he has not been extinguished. He proposes to assail congress and several other departments of the government at Washington on the 15th.

—The secretary of a public institution in Waterville Maine, writes us, enclosing a subscription, and says: "This institution is located in Blaine's district, but as I am one of the committee and democratically inclined, I am doing my best to introduce papers not exactly Blainish in their proclivities."

—Hon. Alexander H. Stephens is in New York on business relating to "Johnson's Encyclopedia," of which he is one of the editors. He is the guest of Mr. A. J. Johnson, of the firm of Johnson & Sons, publishers of the work referred to. He will also spend part of his time with President Barnard, of Columbia college.

—The New York World says: "Mr. Toombs visited Baltimore for the purpose of consulting an oculist in reference to a disease of the eye from which he is suffering, and came over to the city yesterday. He of course looks much older than he did when he was a conspicuous figure in the United States senate. He is portly in person and is "the picture of health." His black hair is somewhat whitened by age, but in other respects he appears to possess all the vigor and fire of twenty years ago."

—Mr. B. O. Crawford, brother of Hon. M. J. Crawford, who was killed in Bartow county recently, states in a card that when his brother was riding with a lady she "discovered that he was failing and spoke to him, to which he did not answer, but fell from the buggy, letting the lines fall. The horses were moving on quietly at the time this took place, but took fright at the fall of my brother or something else, and ran off, throwing Miss Selman out of the buggy, not more than thirty feet from where my brother fell. So it is evident that the running of the horses did not kill him, but that he died of disease of the heart (as we think.)"

RAILROAD NOTES.

—Jack Johnson runs a telegraph office in connection with his ticket-mill.

—The able-bodied pool men slid out yesterday and scattered to take in the shipper and do for him.

—Some of the finest railroad carpentering done in the south is turned out from the shops of the state road in this city.

—Ned Purcell is one of the politest men in the world. He called a coal black person a "booger" and a saddle-hued son of ham is dubbed "a Jap."

—Conductor Garrett is one of those quiet men who goes through a train in a business like way and is so gentle that a sleepy man smiles when he gives up his coupon.

—Wilkes Ballard says, judging from the heft of their trunks, the Virginia tourists are taking home good-sized samples of the mountains of that state.

—Conductor McLendon, who has been running on the Thomaston branch for some time, now has a run on the Atlanta division of the Central.

—Jim Crozier now carries a red covered book in the seat-box of the "Joe Brown" engine. It looks like the Danbury man's new book, "They All Do It."

—The Air-Line is talking about putting on double daily trains. They are needed and we trust the road will hurry up the double-barreled schedule.

—Col. A. J. Orme, general agent of the Atlanta and West Point, is one of the most reliable men in the business and is a gentleman of the utmost courtesy and good nature.

—Porter, the Union depot officer, is one of those gritty and dauntless men who can keep five hundred people, including all the Atlanta hackmen, straight as a shingle.

—The newly invented sleeping car berths (an Atlanta invention at that) exhibited at Bob Mann's office attracted very favorable attention from the railroad men here on Wednesday.

—When the Air-Line conductors and train men first donned their uniforms, a countryman went back to the woods from Gainesville and reported that "the soldiers had taken charge of the railroad and stillin' had to stop now, shore enuff."

DRAMATIC DOTS.

—Pretty Alice Oats won't come this season.

—The Bergers are wending their way towards Atlanta.

—Barlow and his brother minstrels will entertain us during the fair.

—Madame Rentz's female minstrels will prance in the opera house during fair week.

—Sothern will give us "The Crushed Tragedian," and reserved seats will go like hot cakes.

—We will have several amateur performances this season which will bring out the young talent of the city.

—Wachtel, John T. Ford's trusty agent, is making the rounds again this season. He thoroughly understands the business.

—Sol Smith Russell and his fine troupe to-night, to-morrow night and a matinee to-morrow afternoon.

—The "Georgia minstrels" will be along in a few days. The press everywhere they have appeared speaks in high terms of their performances.

—Lawrence Barrett, the most accomplished, and in the opinion of many, the most brilliant actor on the American stage, will be here in February.

—Mary Anderson has won many laurels since she received an ovation in our city last spring. She is coming again this season to appear in several new roles.

—John McCullough, supported by Milus Levick and a splendid stock company, will appear as "Richelieu," "Richard III," "Hamlet" and "Virginius."

THE BANK BURGLARY.

The Freak of a New Beginner in the Business.

Early yesterday morning a rumor spread over the streets that during the preceding night the Atlanta National bank, on Alabama street,

HAD BEEN BURGLARIZED

The next thing was to learn the bank's loss by the robbery and the glib tongue of Madame Rumor put the amount all the way from $10 up to $45 000!

A visit to the bank disclosed the following state of facts:

Early in the night some one, perhaps a negro boy, entered the president's room in the rear through a window that was not latched down, and made his way through a door into the banking room. He entered the department occupied in the hours of business by Mr. W. H. Nutting and there began operations by cutting into the top edge of a drawer used as a change drawer during the day. He made a hole large enough to insert some prying instrument, but failed to open the drawer. He then seemed to have abandoned the work and retired in good order.

There was a light in the main department, and that portion of the bank could be seen from the street. No other property was disturbed, although several coats were hanging convenient. Unlocked drawers were searched, but in none of them, including the one at which the burglar labored, was there any money.

One of the clerks was in the bank at about 9:30 and saw the confusion of papers, etc., but did not suspect the cause.

The truth is the bank lost not a cent and perhaps it is safe to say, never will through the efforts of burglars.

PERSONAL MENTION.

—Rev. John W. Heidt was in the city yesterday.

—Hon. L. J. Allred, of Pickens, is back on the scene of his legislative labors.

—Mr. John H Flynn keeps the engines on the W. & A. R. R. as neat as a new pin.

—City Engineer McDaniel is going to LaGrange to make a race track for the fair association. He has put up such a beautiful one at Oglethorpe Park that our LaGrange friends want one like it.

PUNCH WITH CARE.

THE MEN WHO DO IT ARE COMING.

The Tenth International Convention of the Railroad Conductors' Life Insurance Association, in Atlanta, on the 25th Inst.

On the 25th day of this month the tenth international convention of the conductors' life insurance association of the United States and Canada, will meet in this city. The session will be held at the Markham house and will cover the two days, Thursday and Friday. The meeting will be one of considerable importance to the fraternity and it is expected that delegates from over one hundred of the railroads of the country will be present. Not a few of them will be accompanied by their wives and a most cordial and interesting reunion is anticipated.

HISTORY OF THE ASSOCIATION.

This association was organized at Cincinnati, Ohio, in 1868, for the purpose of conferring benefits and affording cheap and certain life insurance to the conductors of the country. It has two departments, A and B, the first being the life department and the other that of disabilities. A conductor is privileged to join either or both of these departments and secure their benefits. He is assessed in either department one dollar upon the death of any member. Since its organization it has paid out to widows and orphans of conductors the large sum of $868,139. In many instances the money came as a God-send to the bereaved and needy, and always proved a substantial blessing. Its wise and economic principles have made the association a popular and permanent institution with this fraternity of railway conductors.

The membership now numbers fourteen hundred and forty-one names, which gives to the family of a deceased brother the round amount of $1 440, promptly paid, without fees or discounts.

The last session was held in Detroit, Michigan, and from the proceedings we extract the following:

"ON TO ATLANTA!"

"The almost unanimous vote cast in favor of holding the next convention at Atlanta is not without its significance. It plainly shows that although members of the organization may, as individuals, be in active sympathy and cooperation with one or the other of the great political parties of the day, yet as members of the association they know no sectional bounds; and the only sentiment of delegates present was regret that duties prevented a larger attendance of the big-hearted brethren from the southern states. If indications are anything, the members of the association south can look for the largest gathering at Atlanta next year that has ever yet attended any annual convention."

Men such as they are will be cheerfully welcomed in Atlanta. Our people admire men who are warm and who have generous hearts as well, and the conductor of a railway train must do the one and have the other to be a success. The resident conductors and railroad men are

MAKING READY

to receive their guests and make their stay comfortable and enjoyable. After the business hours each day proper entertainment and amusement will be afforded them. Some set occasion will be arranged for a rare social entertainment and re-union.

An excursion to Charleston is among the affairs that are to make memorable the occasion.

The preparations are in the hands of competent men for the work. When Dave Wylie, John Moore, Hargis, Fred Bush, Ira Ford, Marable Bell, and the other stalwarts and true men who

"Punch with care,
Punch in the presence of the passengaire"

undertake to do the handsome by their brethren of the guild they do not neglect their points or set any of the corners hang down loose.

CONFLICT OF COURTS.

A DELICATE QUESTION OF JURISDICTION INVOLVED.

Can the Federal Court Override the State Courts in Criminal Cases?—Arguments Before Judges Wood and Erskine Yesterday.

An interesting and decidedly important question was up for argument in the United States court yesterday. The question is that of the superior jurisdiction of the federal courts to that of state courts in statute crimes, where the accused are claiming to have acted under orders from federal authorities.

The facts are as follows:

Some months ago three men named Finley, Gaston and ——, made an assault upon a citizen of Lumpkin county, in this state. The grand jury of the county returned true bills against the assailants, charging them with "assault with intent to murder." The accused were arrested upon bench warrants regularly issued by the judge of the superior court and gave bond for their appearance to stand trial upon the indictments.

Under a statute of congress they petitioned Judge Erskine, of the United States district court for an order removing their cases to the said United States court, upon the ground that at the time of the alleged assault they were acting as revenue officers in the discharge of their duty as such, and under orders from the regularly constituted revene authorities.

THE REMOVAL RESISTED.

Judge Erskine granted the order of removal at the last term of the district court and it was formally served upon Judge Geo. N. Lester, judge of the superior court for the Blue Ridge circuit. Judge Lester refused to transfer the cases to the federal court, claiming that the said federal court had no jurisdiction and was not entitled to hear and determine the cases.

Thereupon at the present term of the federal court the defendants sued out a writ of

HABEAS CORPUS CUM CAUSA

against Sheriff Satterfield, of Lumpkin county, requiring him to show cause why the defendant had not been given over to the United States marshal, etc.

Sheriff Satterfield answered, reciting the proceedings in the state court and defending his action in the premises.

The argument upon the writ was made yesterday before Judge Wm. B. Woods, of the circuit court and John Erskine of the district court, as a full bench.

Attorney General Ely, for the state of Georgia, resisted the writ and in a very able and logical legal argument maintained that the federal court having no express power to punish crimes of the nature charged in the indictment, had no jurisdiction; that the act of congress related to civil causes and not to criminal cases, where no power to try and punish the guilty was included in their limited jurisdiction. He spoke very fully upon these points, and made a capital argument.

Ex-United States Attorney General Amos T. Akerman supported the writ in a strong speech upon the effect and purposes of the act permitting the removal of cases from the state to the federal courts, where the defendant is acting under color of federal authority.

The judges reserved their decision until to-day when it will be rendered. It is looked forward to with some interest as involving a point of considerable moment in this state. We shall give the additional proceedings in the case to-morrow.

The Cartersville Express.

Mr. C. H. C. Willingham, the well-known editor of the Cartersville Express, dropped in upon us last evening. He informs us that he proposes to issue a very large edition of the next number of the Express, having already received orders for thirty-five hundred copies. It is his desire to give our merchants and business men an opportunity to take advantage of this extra edition, and to this end he will call upon them to-day. The Express is one of the nicest papers in the state and as influential as it is able. It is making an unusually strong fight in favor of Atlanta and is making many converts among those who have heretofore been in favor of Milledgeville. By advertising in the Express our merchants will kill two birds with one stone. They will extend their own business and at the same time aid an editor who never allows an opportunity to pass without putting in a word for Atlanta.

The Coal Companies and the Colliers.

NEW YORK, October 4.—The presidents of the Delaware and Hudson Canal companies and the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western railroad company started to-day for Scranton to confer with committees from the different collieries and the officers of other coal companies. It is said the miners have a plan to propose looking to a speedy resumption of mining.

Vanderbilt Advances Wages.

NEW YORK, October 4.—William H. Vanderbilt, president of the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern, last night issued a general order to officers and employees, notifying them that an advance of five per cent. upon the compensation of all employes of the company, affected by the July reduction of ten per cent., and whose pay amounts to less than $2,000 per annum, will be made on and after November 1, 1877.

PERILS OF THE SEA.

SINKING OF THE STEAMSHIP MAGNOLIA.

Further Particulars of the Disaster—Thrilling Account of the Escape of the Passengers and Crew—Heroic Conduct of the Captain—Destitute Condition of the Crew.

CHESTER, PA., October 4.—The crew of the lost steamship Magnolia are still here awaiting the return of the captain, who left this morning to make arrangements for their transportation to New York, where they all live. The men are very destitute. The first officer says the boats had a hard time in getting from

THE SINKING VESSEL

to the bark Stratsund, which was two miles to leeward. One boat, containing seven men, was swamped shortly after leaving the Magnolia and everything swept overboard. The boat hung buffetted about for three hours; the men having no oars, hung on the sides until they were rescued by their comrades. The transfer required four or five hours. The sea ran very high, and five trips were made between the ships. All the canvass of the Magnolia was torn to shreds, and it was

IMPOSSIBLE TO STAND ON THE DECK

without holding to some immovable part of the vessel, but the men worked coolly and bravely. The captain was the last to leave the ship, and he and a few who were with him came near being left by the bark, as it was thought the Magnolia had gone down, and the men could not be saved. The second officer, however, prevailed upon the captain of the bark to send the boat back, thus saving the entire party. All speak very highly of the brave conduct of Captain Doggett, and of the captain of the bark.

INJURIES RECEIVED.

Thornton, who was on board the Magnolia, lost his left eye. Restel, the ship's baker, had his back badly hurt. Murray had his arm broken. Captain Doggett is exhausted, but is in no danger. There is no other personal damage reported to the crew or passengers of the Magnolia.

THE SCRIP FORGERIES.

Particulars of Gilman's Transactions.

THE AMOUNT LOST.

NEW YORK, October 4.—The forgeries so far discovered aggregate $352,500, upon which Mr. Gilman raised $247,440. The belief that Gilman committed suicide is generally credited in insurance and bank circles. The principal losers are large corporations. Two money lenders, whose names are not yet known, were reported as among the victims, one losing $28,000 and the other $20,000.

THE PRINCIPAL LOSERS.

The Commercial Mutual insurance company loses $60,000 by the forgeries; the American Exchange bank $59,000, and Henry Talmadge & Co. $13,000. The deputy sheriff still holds possession of Gilman's office in their behalf. It is believed that a large safe in this office, which is secured by a combination lock, contains papers which will throw light upon all of Gilman's operations. This safe might be forced open upon proper legal authority.

THE HOG BUSINESS.

Pork-Packers in Caucus.

KEOKUK, October 4.—The national pork packers' convention assembled here yesterday morning. Thirty delegates, representing some of the largest firms in the union, are present, besides the Keokuk packers. The morning session was taken up by an address of welcome, delivered by Mayor Irwin, and the appointment of committees.

The committee on credentials and resolutions reported the following officers for the ensuing year: President, George B. Smythe, of Keokuk; Vice Presidents, J. M. Smith, of Illinois; Luther Parker, of Ohio; Gen. J. M. Tuttle, of Iowa, and G. E. Bayha, of Missouri; Secretary and Treasurer, Charles B. Murray, of Ohio; Assistant Secretary, A. B. Louderman, of St. Louis. The report was adopted.

Resolutions were adopted that rule three be stricken from the general rules; that the other rules and regulations adopted by the convention at Indianapolis, and now in force, be adopted.

A banquet was given to the delegates and invited guests of the city of Keokuk.

LOUISVILLE AND NASHVILLE RAILROAD.

Annual Meeting of the Stockholders.

LOUISVILLE, October 4.—The annual meeting of the Louisville and Nashville railroad company occurred yesterday. The old board of directors were re-elected without opposition. A resolution of congratulation to the stockholders on the success of the management of the railroad was unanimously adopted.

E. D. Sandiford was re-elected president and H. V. Newcomb vice-president.

The report of the president shows the affairs of the company to be in a satisfactory condition, the bonded and floating debt having been largely reduced. The earning capacity is rapidly being increased, being in the past year $1,140,520 28, against $1,484,047.37 in the year before the panic. The road is in fine physical condition. The country through which it passes is increasing in population and wealth. The company is paying much attention to immigration and location of manufacturing interests along its line of road.

Fire in Canada.

DERBY LINE, VT., October 4.—At midnight a fire broke out in Studdert's hotel at Stompstead, province of Quebec, which was consumed, together with the barns and outbuildings. The convent De la Congregation De Notre Dame and the Congregational church on the opposite side of the street are now (2 a. m.) burning, and the buildings adjacent are in great danger. The loss thus far is $25 000.

Panic Among Bank Depositors.

BOSTON, October 4.—The Wellfleet Savings bank at Cape Cod suspended yesterday, owing to a run. The bank has 1,263 depositors. The deposits, amounting to $489,000, are safely invested. There is a general panic on the Cape among savings bank depositors, and probably all the banks will close till confidence is restored.

Rubbers.

BOSTON, October 4.—The trade sale of the associated rubber shoe companies attracted a large attendance from all parts of the country. Bidding was spirited and prices so far are well maintained. At a meeting of the associated rubber companies held yesterday it was voted that no further auction sales will be held before December 6.

THE EPISCOPALIANS.

Second Day of the Triennial Convention.

BOSTON, October 4.—The Episcopal convention opened at 9:30 o'clock with prayer by Rt. Rev. Bishops Bedell of Ohio, and Greene of Mississippi. The attendance was much larger than on the first day, as a great many delegates from southern and western dioceses came in since. The roll call showed 188 delegates present. The records of yesterday's session were read and approved. Rev. Dr. Austin, of New York, was confirmed as assistant secretary.

THE BUSINESS MEETING

began at 10:30 o'clock, the president in the chair. After a protracted discussion concerning the election of a vice president, the president read the list of standing committees. A communication was read from the house of bishops stating that the house had gained by the election of Rt. Rev. Henry C. Potter secretary. A resolution providing for the preaching of

THE OPENING SERMON

was adopted. It voted to refer the matter of the three amendments to the constitution suggested by the house last year to the proper committee, with instructions to report upon the first on Friday and upon the others on Monday. The petition of Bishop White, the prayer book secretary, that the hymn book might be bound up with the prayer book was referred. The following order was referred: The subject of voluntary withdrawal from the ministry other than for immoral conduct. Referred to the committee on canons. Several

MINOR MEMORIALS,

reports and petitions were received and referred. West Virginia asked for a division of her diocese, which is too large. It was voted to print a daily house calendar.

THE MISSISSIPPI LEVEES.

Captain Eads' Plan for Preventing Overflows.

NEW YORK, Oct. 4.—The Tribune says editorially: "Capt. Eads' view of the Mississippi levees ought to be known already to the commissioner of agriculture, who might have saved himself the trouble of writing two letters to the distinguished engineer by reading his pamphlet on the subject published about two years ago. In Captain Eads' opinion the levees are only a make-shift, because the higher they are built, the higher will the river raise its bed. He thinks that the true system is to straighten the course of the stream by cutting through the bends, and he holds that this will not only prevent overflows but will drain millions of acres of swamp lands.

THE APACHES.

Depredations on the White Settlements.

CINCINNATI, October 4.—A special dispatch to the Commercial from Kansas City, Mo., has the following:

A gentleman from lower New Mexico says the Apaches are on the war path. One day last week they attacked a settlement of whites and killed 25 men and stole a number of horses. These are the same redskins who committed so much devilment last year, and Gen. Hatch, in command of the United States troops, proposes to punish them severely. His regiment is not half sufficient to furnish protection to the whites in that section, and it is reported that more troops will be ordered to assist him. The recent outbreak occurred near Silver City.

THE DILAPIDATED PATENT OFFICE.

Schurz's Wigwam Coming to Pieces.

WASHINGTON, October 4.—A tremendous rain to-day flooded many rooms in the patent office. The marble ceiling of the portico of the patent office fell this morning. It had been loosened by the fire and water. It sounded like a cannon, causing great alarm. No one was hurt, however. Business in the land office was suspended, the records becoming soaked from the persistent rain. Other ceilings are expected to fall at any moment. This prevents any attempt to place the records in dry rooms.

THE PEABODY FUND

Meeting of the Trustees.

NEW YORK, October 4.—The trustees of the Peabody educational fund commenced their fifth annual session in the Fifth Avenue hotel. There were present Robt. H. Winthrop, of Boston, president of the board; Samuel Witman, cashier; Rev. Barnes Sears, of Staunton, Va., general agent; Chief Justice Waite, Hon Wm. Evarts, Hon. Hamilton Fish, Col. Theo. Lyman, of Mass., Hon. Wm. Aiken, of S. C., Hon. A. H. Stewart, of Va., G. W. Riggs, of Washington, D. C., Gen. Henry R. Jackson, of Ga., Gen. Richard Taylor, of La., Surgeon Gen. J. K. Barnes, U. S. army.

THE KEOKUK CANAL.

A Conference of Commercial Men.

KEOKUK, IA., October 4.—A conference was held here yesterday by leading members of the St. Louis chamber of commerce and Maj. Stickney, engineer in charge of the Keokuk canal, to make arrangements, if possible, to avoid closing the canal on account of the springing of the mitre sill of the lower lock. Commodore Davidson, president of the Keokuk Northern Line packet company, wished to run his boats from above to the lower lock and transfer from there over the banks of the canal to steamers in the river. Maj. Stickney demonstrated the impracticability of this course. The navigation of the upper river may be considered closed closed for the season.

The Deadwood Coach Robbed.

DEADWOOD, D. T., Oct. 4.—The north bound coach on the Sidney route was stopped last night in the vicinity of Buffalo Gap by four well known outlaws, Dunk Blackburn, Wall Laughlin, Sam and the Kid. There was but one passenger and the division agent on the coach, who were relieved of $7 and their revolvers. The robbers were unmasked, and made no attempt to conceal their identity.

A Misplaced Switch.

PORTLAND, ME., October 4.—A passenger train on the Ogdensburg road ran into a freight train standing on a side track at Lake Sebago, smashing both engines, baggage car and seats in drawing room car, and badly injuring the conductor, engineer, firemen, express agent and several passengers. A misplaced switch was the cause.

Sale of the Galt House.

LOUISVILLE, October 4.—The Galt house, erected some years ago, was sold yesterday, by order of assignees, for $157,000. The original cost exceeded a million. The hotel is doing a good business and got into bankruptcy through old debts.

NEW YORK DEMOCRATS

BRIEF SYNOPSIS OF THE PLATFORM.

The Electoral Fraud Denounced—Hayes' Southern Democratic Policy Endorsed.

TAMMANY.

ALBANY, October 4.—The committee on credentials decided to admit the entire Tammany delegation.

CLARKSON N. POTTER.

The committee on permanent organization reported Clarkson N. Potter for permanent chairman. Mr. Potter addressed the convention on taking his seat.

CONTESTED SEATS.

The committee on contested seats made a report in favor of seating the coming delegation from Albany, the McLaughlin delegation from Kings county, and excluding the anti-Tammany delegation from New York. [great applause] and in favor of the delegates from Orleans county, who were yesterday accepted as regular by the action of the state committee; also in favor of the Murphy or regular delegation from Rensselaer county.

GENERAL M'CLELLAN.

The convention adopted the following: The democracy of New York, in convention assembled, send greeting to the democracy of our sister state, New Jersey, and congratulate the voters of that state on the nomination of the patriot and soldier, General George B. McClellan.

THE PLATFORM.

The platform commences: "The people having in the last presidential contest elected by an overwhelming popular and a clear electoral majority the democratic candidates for president and vice-president, and the will of the nation thus constitutionally declared having been wickedly and boldly nullified by means of the grossest usurpation and frauds of returning boards, protected and adopted if not instigated by the party in possession of the government, and rendered practicable by a threatening array of military force;

Resolved, That at this the first convention of the democrats of this state held since the consummation of this great crime, it is not only just and fit, but it is the plain duty in interest of constitutional government and in the vindication and preservation of the sacred right of the majority to choose their rulers, to denounce with the warmest indignation this stupendous wrong; we hereby denounce, condemn and hold it up to universal execration.

Resolved, That this duty of setting a mark of infamy on this transaction, and preventing any quick forgetfulness or easy condonation of it from raising a tempting precedent for future outrages, rests especially and peculiarly upon the democratic party of this state, one of whose most illustrious leaders was the president actually chosen by the nation.

HAYES'S POLICY.

Resolved, That the present national administration, by its withdrawal of troops from the south and its cessation from the mischievous, unconstitutional and oppressive interference with the internal affairs of states, has, in that respect, reversed the vicious precedents of the republican party and followed the course marked out by the federal constitution, and to which the democrats stand pledged, and it is therefore entitled in that particular to the approval of all good citizens.

The financial plank re-affirms that gold and silver are the only legal tender; no currency inconvertible with coin; and steady steps toward specie payments.

GOVERNMENT SUBSIDIES.

Resolved, That we are opposed to the granting of subsidies by the government to corporations or individuals for the construction of railroads or other internal improvements as unnecessary, beyond the scope of federal power and inevitably producing corruption.

THE TICKET.

The following ticket was nominated: For secretary of state, Allen C. Beach; for comptroller, Fred P. Olcott; for treasurer, James Wockin; for attorney-general, Augustus Schoonmaker; for state engineer and surveyor, Horatio Seymour, jr.

ADJOURNED.

After the appointment of a state central committee the convention adjourned.

The Cyclone.

WASHINGTON, October 4.—The wires north are all down. The cyclone, yesterday central in Georgia, has moved in a northeasterly direction, and is now central on the middle Atlantic coast. The storm yesterday in the lake region has moved east, and the lowest pressure lies in a trough from the St. Lawrence valley to the cyclone before referred to. This storm has been attended by unusually severe winds and heavy rains.

New Comet.

WASHINGTON, October 4.—Professor Henry, of Smithsonian Institute, received the following cablegram yesterday: "A comet was discovered by Tempel at Florence, October 2. Right ascension twenty-three hours and fifty-one minutes, declination south ten degrees and 19 minutes. The daily motion is 90 minutes toward southward. The comet has a small bright tail."

Tobacco Suits.

WASHINGTON, October 4.—The secretary of the treasury upon recommendation of the commissioner of internal revenue has declined the proposition to compromise the tobacco suit now in progress at Greensboro, N. C. There are eighteen cases, and the amount involved is $120,000. The suits were brought on account of the alleged violation of the internal revenue laws.

While the Lamp Holds Out to Burn

RICHMOND, October 4.—Rev. Dr. E. T. Baird, ex-secretary of the Presbyterian board of publication, under indictment on a charge of embezzling the funds of the board, returned from Canada and surrendered himself to the authorities. He states he had no knowledge of the indictment till quite recently.

An Aged Swindle.

WASHINGTON, October 4.—The postoffice swindle amounts to about $30,000. It was the result of a combination between a clerk in the pay division and a department bookkeeper and some St. Louis mail contractors. The fraud is six years old.

Blew off the Top of His Head.

DAYTON, O., Oct. 4.—William Gaurey, of Sharpsburg, twelve miles from Dayton, while hunting, yesterday, dropped his gun, and, one of the barrels discharging, blew off the top of his head. He expired almost instantly.

ROBERT E. LEE'S PROPHECY.

A Hitherto Unpublished Letter in which the Rebellion is Deplored.

Cor. Chicago Times.

GALVESTON, Sept. 22.—Before leaving San Antonio I called upon John Twohig, the Irish-American banker, who was born in Cork nearly seventy years ago, and who still retains, despite of fast-crowding age, the strength and virility of manhood's prime. Around his table have sat the most famous men of this and the last generation—soldiers and statesmen, orators and poets. He has known the victor of San Jacinto and the hero of Buena Vista, Lee and Longstreet, Magruder and Thomas, Joseph E. Johnston and fighting Phil Kearney—the paladins of the north and of the south have shared his hospitality and have honored his character. He has bundles of letters from those celebrated men, and among them the valedictory of Robert E. Lee, when that immortal soldier, then colonel of the second cavalry, bade farewell to San Antonio a few days after "the Lone Star state" voted herself out of the constellation of the union. The document has never been published, and is as follows:

At Mrs. Southerland's Southerland's Springs, Texas, February 19, 1861.—My Dear Mr. Twohig: I stopped at your door this morning to bid you farewell, but felt unwilling to renew the pain I felt last evening. I will, therefore, at this distance, say adieu to you, Mrs. Twohig and Miss Kate, and wish you all every happiness and prosperity. I desire also to thank you for your kindness in taking charge of my animals, and ask you to sell the horse at once, for I fear he will give you trouble, unless you think he may be of some service to you. Of the rest take what you wish, and dispose of what you may not require, when convenient. Give the good mother of the orphans a "sheep horse" (the mother so pronounced the word cheap, being a foreigner), pay all charges, and, if there is any balance, remit to me at Washington City. I do not think I made any definite request of Mr. Vance to send some furniture I left at his store to the auctioneer for sale. Will you remedy my neglect when you see him? And now, having closed my business, I will say how sad I felt to-day, under the circumstances, at leaving San Antonio, especially as I am unable to see a single good that will result from the step taken by the state; but, as it has been permitted by a kind Providence, I hope it will eventuate in her ultimate benefit.

Again, farewell. Remember me to Mayor Larkin. Very truly yours,

R. E. LEE.

An Opinion of Atlanta.

ATLANTA, GA., Oct. 4, 1877.

Editors Constitution: As apropos to the capital question, and the "foul dishonor" with which the Milledgeville faction seek to "blur our fair fame," I append hereto the following extract from a speech of the lamented Linton Stephens, wherein he gives his estimate of the character and conduct of the citizens of Atlanta. And yet he lived at Sparta, almost within the shade of the "halls of our fathers." But his was a mind that rose above the petty jealousies and animosities of the day and placed the seal and signet of truth where it properly belonged.

G. F. WOOTEN.

[Extract.]

"Not, fellow-citizens," said he, speaking to an Atlanta audience, "that I mean to intimate that the people of Atlanta have been responsible for these large operations. You have gone through the ordeal of Bullock's radical corrupt administration, and, even when the bait was held out to you, you have refused it. Yes, in establishing in your city this very house (the capitol building) where you are now assembled, you stood true to honor—you passed through the fire. I have found the smell of fire on the garments of some; but, thank God! the great bulk of your citizens have shown themselves to be firm adherents of honest principles. They have gone through this ordeal, and come out purified gold. I don't know a body of sounder democrats than the democrats of Atlanta."

[Life of Stephens, page 373.

The Storm Centre.

WASHINGTON, October 4.—The signal office reports a broad belt of low pressure which extends from the lower lake region to the south Atlantic coast, which includes the cyclone yesterday, now central in the east gulf, and a storm centre in the lower lakes. Unusually severe gales are anticipated to-night and to-morrow along the Atlantic coast north of the Carolinas.

The Fever in Port Royal.

SAVANNAH, October 4.—A dispatch received this morning from Dr. McFarland, the physician sent to Port Royal from this city, says the disease there is yellow fever. There is no need of assistance as the population is only about fifty whites and the same number of blacks.

Moth-Eaten.

WASHINGTON, October 4.—General Ingalls and Marcy ask to be investigated concerning the moth contracts. S. S. Cox is represented as knowing nothing on the subject beyond the fact that Randall will not be speaker.

That Mad Wag Barr.

WASHINGTON, October 4.—There is a dreary north wind blowing and there is little prospect for the usual commercial, social, political, farcical, martial and astrological news to-night.

The English Railway Swindle.

LONDON, October 4.—Several servants of the Midland railway indulged in fraudulent practices by means of false pay rolls, but the defalcation is of no consequence.

Not True.

WASHINGTON, October 4.—It is not true, as telegraphed from San Francisco, that Cooper, the forger, married a daughter of Mr. DeFrees, of this city.

Postponed.

NEW YORK, October 4.—The races were postponed on account of the weather.

The Speakership.

WASHINGTON, October 4.—Saylor's friends have opened headquarters at Williard's.

—A writer in the Savannah News says: "Your correspondent, W. H. B., describes in one of his letters a strange golden ornament obtained from one of the artificial mounds in Florida. Previous to the late civil war, I had the pleasure of examining a thin plate of gold, then

INDEX FOR ADVERTISERS ON FOURTH PAGE.

Advertisements in this column charged ten cents per line each insertion, payable in advance. No advertisement taken for less than thirty cents. No display, electrotypes or cuts will be admitted in this columns.

ADVERTISEMENTS—When properly classified the smallest advertisement of three lines, which costs but thirty cents, is seen at once by the very readers whose eyes it was intended to meet, and thus is just as valuable for this purpose as if it had been spread over the whole page.

WANTED.

WANTED—A situation as Traveling Agent, by an experienced man. Can command a good trade. Address Trade, Constitution office. 00 oct5...d1t

WANTED—Traveling salesman leaving Atlanta can have a few small specialties. Money in them. Specialty, Box 193 City P. O. 74 oct5...d1t

WANTED—An enterprising business man with $500. Can make $2 000 a year. No humbug. None but those having the money need apply. Address Legitimate Business, Constitution office. 73 oct5 d1t

PERSONS desiring to buy Furniture will do well to call on Castleberry & Co., at their new store, on Marietta street, next door to McMillan & Snow's. 17 oct2..dtf

WANTED—Good reliable men. Steady employment for fall and winter. Good pay. No peddling. John Reetsh, 51 Peachtree street, Christian Volces. 540 sep9...eod3t

WANTED—Printing of all kinds, from the smallest card to the largest poster, books, etc., executed at the lowest prices and best styles, at The Constitution office. aug1...dtf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Hot Bed Sash in quantity. 38 Decatur street. W. Jennings & Co. 72 oct5...d2taw4w

FOR SALE—A good No 1 Mule for $65 00 and a good second-hand Piano for $50 00. No 9 Jones avenue 70 oct5...d3t

5-ROOM RESIDENCE, cor. Windsor and Rawson streets; beautiful lot; community quiet and refined; price moderate Bell & Son. 60 oct5...d1t

FOR SALE—Furniture, at Castleberry & Co's new store on Marietta street, next door to McMillan & Snow's. Call and see them. 17 oct2..dtf

FOR SALE—One new Leather Top Buggy and two sets new Harness; one Delivery Wagon and Harness; cheap. Call on Clint Taylor. No. 56 South Pryor st. 587 sep30dtf

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—The nice Cottage on the corner of West Harris and Spring streets. Apply at 174 Peachtree street. 45 oct4 .d3t

FOR RENT—For one or five years, that handsome Store formerly occupied by myself No 37 Whitehall street. Apply to J. M. Holbrook, trustee. 177 sep9..dsodtf

FOR RENT OR SALE—My furnished house, with gas and water. Terms low. Apply to John A. Spicer, 227 Rawson street, or 14 Decatur street. 1 oct2..d1f

FOR RENT—The large Agricultural Building now occupied by Mark W. Johnson & Co., corner Alabama and Forsyth streets, can be rented on liberal terms. It is specially suited for a Cotton Warehouse. Apply to Richard S. Jefferies or Mark W. Johnson & Co. 166 sep8...dtf

FOR RENT—That elegant Store House and Basement corner Line and Pryor streets Apply to J. W. English. 315 apr21..dtf

LARGE STORE AND BASEMENT to Rent under DeGive's Opera House, Marietta street. Apply to L. DeGive. 307 julv15...dtf

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—In the streets of Atlanta on Saturday evening, a ladies' double-breasted circular cloak or talma, of dark blue cloth, trimmed with fringe and buttons. Leave word at this office. 56 oct4...d1t

FOUND—Out that all kinds of Job Printing can be as neatly, cheaply and quickly executed at The Constitution Job office. may20...dtf

LOST—Money by not having your Binding, Ruling, etc., executed at The Constitution Book Bindery. Blank Books manufactured to order. may20...dtf

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE firm of Krouse & Shackelford was dissolved on October 34, 1877. The undersigned will continue the Auction and Commission business at the same stand, 28 Peachtree street. Consignments solicited. Harry Krouse. 55 oct4...d3t

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES—Doors Sash, Blinds, Builders' Hardware, &c., &c Sash with Glass in Pr. win., 8x10.. 12 lights, 9c: 10x12—12, $1 40 10x16—12, $1 85. O. S. Doors 8x7, Raised Pan, $1 85 Door Locks, white knobs, 40c. Loose Joint "Acorn" Butts and Screws 20c. All other goods in proportion and warranted the best. W. G. Ashley, 33 South Broad street. 429 aug26...deodtf

REMOVAL.

CASTLEBERRY & CO have removed their immense stock of Furniture to Marietta street, next door to McMillan & Snow's. 17 oct2,..dtf

WALKER & BOYD, General Fire Insurance Agent, have removed their office to the Hillyer Building (late Southern Life office) No. 10 Alabama street. 559 sep30)..d1t

CARRIAGES.

SPENCE & JARVIS have for sale, and make to order, fine Carriages. Buggies,, Light Wagons, &c. Repairing promptly attended to. 44 Line street. 000 july25..dtf

BOARDING.

A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE can secure board in a private family. References required. Two young men at day board. L. A S., P. O ox 37 71 oct5 d1t

AUCTION SALES.

McCANDLESS, ELLIS & CO, will sell, inside their Auction rooms, on Saturday, 6th inSant, 10½ o'clock, a desirable lot Household Furniture, Mattresses, Piano, &c., &c. 00 oct5 d2t

The Atlanta Daily Constitution

FRIDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 5.

GEORGIA'S NEW CONSTITUTION In Pamphlet form. Price, Five Cents at Counter, or Six Cents by mail CONSTITUTION PUB. CO.

THE stenographic report of the convention proceedings, giving a full report of all the debates on questions before the late constitutional convention, made by Samuel W. Small, for THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION, is now ready for sale. Price $2. It contains over five hundred pages of closely printed matter. Send amount to Constitution publishing company, Atlanta, Ga., and the book will be forwarded to any address by mail.

THE receivers and exporters of cotton in New York are still trying to devise a plan to prevent the stealing of cotton while in process of handling at that port. The favorite plan consists of a limited number of bonded warehouses, the warehousemen to have charge of all the samples drawn, and, after weighing them, to forward them to the parties in interest. All the cotton men of New York, who are not simply speculators, believe that something must be done to correct the evil if the supremacy of New York as a cotton depot is to be maintained. A committee was appointed last Saturday "to put the matter in shape." Mr. James Ewan is a member of that committee.

A SPECIAL dispatch to the Cincinnati Gazette says there are only two republican counties in New York where the nomination of anti-Conkling state senators is possible. The nomination of Conkling men in New York is one thing and their election quite another.

FORTY ACRES AND A MULE.

The carpet-baggers bribed Cuffee with the promise of forty acres and a mule; Atlanta attempted to bribe the whole state of Georgia with five acres; but as Captain Cuttle would say, "where's the mule?—Macon Telegraph and Messenger.

What's the use to ask such a silly question, when the mule's daddy is sitting in the office of the Macon paper writing.

THE INFLUENCE OF CLIMATE UPON HONESTY.

We find the following luminous remarks in the last issue of the Savannah News. We give them in full for the reason that, quite apart from the purpose they will serve as a basis of comment, they go to show how silliness can be dignified by a moderate knowledge of the use of words:

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION, with a great flourish of trumpets, repeats its question "Would the Bullock administration have been any better or purer in Milledgeville than it was in Atlanta? Would it have been characterized by less dishonesty, by less fraud, or by less extravagance?" We unhesitatingly affirm that it would. In Milledgeville there would have been small chance to rush headlong into the wild speculations that grew out of that administration. Kimball's opera house, the H. I. Kimball house, and other similar speculations would not have given in Milledgeville an impetus to the extravagance that marked that period. The purchase of the executive mansion would not have occurred in Milledgeville. But in Atlanta, where bonds were as free as water, every kind of corruption and extravagance found full scope and plenty of investments. And to-day the same men (*sic*) are citizens of Atlanta, and every one of them wants to keep the capital in that city. "There's millions in it" yet for those who pull the ropes.

It will be observed that the editor of the News gives the Bullock crew small credit for that ingenuity which has been one of the most distinguishing characteristics of the carpet-bagger. In Milledgeville, says our apparently dazed contemporary, there would have been small chance to rush into the wild speculations that grew out of the Bullock administration. Now, as the French say, that depends. But even granting it to be just as the News says, would that fact make them less dishonest? Would they have allowed the people's money to remain in the treasury untouched and unstolen? It would make very little difference to the plundered taxpayers, we imagine, whether their money was squandered in "wild speculations" or whether it was simply allowed to remain in the pockets of the carpet-baggers. As with this argument of the News so with the others in the parsigraph which we have quoted. Cahnot men be corrupt and extravagant unless they buy "opera houses," hotels and governor's mansions? Is there no other way to be dishonest? Is there no other way to rob the people? We are sorry to see a dignified journal like the News using such supremely silly arguments. The editor knows that the people of Georgia would have been as outrageously robbed in Milledgeville as Atlanta, and he knows, moreover, that dishonesty is peculiar to individuals and not to localities.

THE FRENCH ELECTIONS.

The health of the pope, the outcome of the Russo-Turkish war and the designs of President MacMahon, are the European subjects that outrank all others. The last is becoming particularly interesting, now that Thiers is dead, and the general elections are ordered for the 14th instant. During the "electoral period," as it is called, candidates are permitted to address public meetings under certain restrictions. Heretofore not a few have announced themselves as candidates for the purpose of acquiring liberty of speech on public issues, strange as it may seem to us. The government will not even permit the posting or distribution of M. Thiers' address to his former constituents, but the extraordinary manifesto of President MacMahon is everywhere circulated.

The nature of the *coup* of the 16th May is no longer disguised. In selecting the government nominees, the government says that it desires a chamber that contains three Bonapartists to two royalists. Its lists of candidates include the names of 83 Orleanists, 131 legitimists and 298 Bonapartists. If this is not an abandonment of the principles of the existing constitution, what is it? If successful, it means the fall of the republic. The first empire overthrew the first republic; the second empire ousted the second republic, and now MacMahon is plotting for the rise of the third empire on the ruins of the third republic.

Will success bring in the young prince imperial? Will non-success produce a violent revolution? What will MacMahon do, in other words, if the republicans elect a majority of the chamber, as seems most probable? He very plainly says in his manifesto that in such case he will remain to carry out his policy in defiance of the chamber and of the will of the people. The election of a republican chamber would therefore be but the prelude to considerable music in the air. The struggle is an intensely interesting one, not only to the people of France, but to the friends of representative government in every part of the world.

COMMON SENSE IN ADVERTISING.

The papers of Nashville, Louisville, Charleston, Macon, and, in fact, of nearly all of the other cities of the country, are crowded at this season of active trade and increasing confidence with advertisements. Not so in Atlanta. Our merchants have not materially increased the amount of their advertising. Is this good policy? When everybody in Georgia is reading newspapers on account of the capital-location campaign, is it not a good time ot tell the people what Atlanta has to sell? All the cities that surround Atlanta are advertising largely. They want her trade, and if they do not get more or less of it this season than the experience of veteran merchants is not to be trusted. There is nothing that pays so well as advertising in a paper that is widely read. The people of Atlanta have no reason to complain of their opportunity; for the CONSTITUTION has a larger circulation than any other paper in the state. We are not disposed to scold; we have no right to scold on this subject; our merchants have a right to do as they please; but they must permit us to say that they are annually throwing away in useless and illegitimate advertising a great deal of money that would if applied according to the practice of the best merchants of the country, do them and the city much good. The value of advertising in a paper that has a large subscription list made up almost entirely of people that can afford to buy goods in liberal quantities, cannot well be overestimated. The thousand and one devices o irregular advertising are chiefly means by which money can be thrown away. Not one out of twenty brings the advertiser any return.

EPISCOPALIANS IN BOSTON.

The first triennial convention of the Episcopal church that ever met in New England is now in session in puritanical Boston, with 59 bishops, 200 clergymen and many distinguished laymen in attendance. Among the latter are Chief Justice Waite, ex-Senator Stevenson, ex-Governor Charles J. Jenkins, Hon. Montgomery Blair, Gen. Augur, ex-Secretary Jacob Thompson and many others. Georgia is ably represented by four clerical and four lay delegates. The delegates are so numerous that they are met at every turn in Boston's crooked streets. The average Bostonian is not a churchman in the Episcopal sense of the word. He would have his city the congenial home of all religious opinions; but the preaching of Phillips Brooks has done much within the last two years to popularize in Boston the Episcopal church; for his church is by far the most popular place of religious resort in that city.

The convention consists of two bodies. The bishops constitute the upper house, and the concurrence of both houses is necessary to make any act of the convention binding upon the church. The length of the sessions will probably be about three weeks, and in that time many subjects of importance are to be considered, among which may be mentioned the change of name and revision of the missionary organization, the shortening or adaptation of the services, the preparation of a new lectionary, the shortening of the daily service, the reorganization of the election of deputies, the grouping of the dioceses into squads, the institution of deaconesses, and the possible union with the Greek and Old Catholic churches.

Immediately after the adjournment of the convention, the fourth church congress will be held in New York. The convention is purely legislative; the congress deliberative. The latter body is the theatre for the hard knocks that high churchmen, low churchmen, ritualists and broad churchmen are generally ready to give each other. It passes no resolutions and takes no votes. It is for discussion, and has proved to be useful in forming public opinion both within and without the church.

In the convention itself, a harmonious and practical session is expected. There is a feeling that the war between the two great wings of the church should be kept out of the convention. If it must come, the congress affords a harmless and speedy vent. The leaders of the official body will doubtless be able to keep down the pugnaciously-inclined, and keep up subjects of practical interest to the church, which is steadily growing, and which fills no unimportant place in American christianity. An effort may be made, however, to strike out the word "Protestant" in the name of the church. The high churchmen would like to have it called the American Catholic church, or something of that sort; but their wishes in this respect are not likely to be gratified this year.

IT IS!—IT ISN'T!

The Savannah News is surpassing itself of late in the matter of argument. Here is an example:

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION is much too hasty in charging misstatement to the papers which refer to the present capitol as the opera house. The question is not whether it was ever used for that purpose or not, but was the building itself say? On the front, conspicuous and unchanged, still remains the marble tablet on which is cut, in raised letters, "Kimball's Opera House," which flatly contradicts the assertion of THE CONSTITUTION that it is a misstatement to refer to the capitol as "the opera house."

With all due respect for the learning and experience of the editor of the News, we must still insist that the present capitol is not now and never has been an opera house, and therefore that title as applied to it is a misnomer. Not that it makes any difference what the building is called. Why, bless your soul! you may call it a hotel—an exchange—a courthouse—a church—a crystal palace or anything else you can think of and *we* won't feel hurt about it. It is one of the inalienable rights of the press that an editor is at liberty to coin names for things "an he feel in the humor o't." But the News goes into an argument on the opera house question, and a very curious argument it is, too. It amounts to about this—that if a building is begun with the intention of making it a hotel and a sign to that effect is worked in with the brick and mortar, it is bound to be a hotel, even though it is used as a schoolhouse, or a bank, or a dry goods store. We think we state the case fairly. The capitol is an opera house, says the editor of the News, because there is the sign staring you square in the face. Ah, well! argument is a good thing, even when flattened out into absurdity.

THE UNITED STATES SENATE

The following roll of the senate, showing at a glance the political classification of that body, will be of interest at this time, in view of the organization of the new congress:

DEMOCRATS.	REPUBLICANS.
John T Morgan, Ala.	Geo E Spencer,* ala.
A H Garland, Ark.	S W Dorsey,* Ark.
Chas W Jones, Fla.	S B Conover,* Fla.
J E McDonald, Ind.	O P Morton, Ind.
L Q C Lamar, Miss.	B K Bruce, Miss
Francis Kernan, N Y.	Roscoe Conkling,* N Y.
Allen G Thurman, O.	Stanley Matthews, O.
L C Grover, Oregon.	J H Mitchell, Oregon.
W A Wallace, Pa.	Donald Cameron, Pa
W W Eaton, Conn.	J B Chaffee, Colorado.
W H Barnum, Conn.	H M Teller, Colorado
Thos F Bayard, Del.	W B Allison, Iowa.
Eli Saulsbury, Del.	S T Kirkwood, Iowa.
John B Gordon, Ga.	Jno J Ingalls, Kansas.
B H Hill, Ga.	P B Pitub, Kansas
Thos McCreary, Ky.	Hannibal Hamlin, Me
James B Beck, Ky.	Jas G Blaine, Me.
G R Dennis, Md.	H L Dawes, Mass.
W P Whyte, Md.	G F Hoar, Mass.
H D Armstrong, Mo.	S J R McMillan, Minn.
F M Cockrell Mo.	Wm Windom, Minn.
Theo F Randolph, N J.	A S Paddock, Neb.
J R McPherson, N J	Allen Saunders, N d.
A S Merrimon N C.	John P Jones, Nevada.
M W Ransom, N C.	Wm Sharon, Nevada.
J E Bailey, Tenn.	B Wadleigh, N H.
J G Harris Tenn.	E H Rawlins, N H.
Samuel Maxey, Texas.	H B Anthony, R I.
Richard Coke Texas.	A E Burnside, R I
John W Johnston, Va.	Geo F Edmunds, Vt.
R E Withers, Va.	J S Morrell, Vt.
H G Davis, W Va.	T O Howe, Wis.
Frank Hereford, W Va.	A Cameron, Wis.
	A A Sargent,* Cal.
	R J Oglesby, Illinois.
	J J Patterson,* S C.
	T W Ferry, Michigan.
Democrats.....33	Republicans.....37

INDEPENDENTS,

Newton Booth, California.
David Davis, Illinois.
J. P. Christiancy, Michigan.

CONTESTED SEATS.

J. B. Eustis, Louisiana, democrat.
W. P. Kellogg, Louisiana, republican.
W. T Spofford, Louisiana, democrat.
James Lewis, Louisiana republican.
M. C. Butler, South Carolina, democrat.
D. T Corbin, South Carolina republican.

Should two democrats from Louisiana and one from South Carolina be admitted to seats the senate would stand thirty-six democrats to thirty-seven republicans and three independents The latter adding a balance of four. If Messrs Booth and Christiancy are ranked as republicans as they are, and Judge Davis as a democrat the senate will stand republicans 39, democrats 37. Senator Morton being too ill to attend, it virtually stands 38 to 37.

THE Washington correspondent of the Chicago Times claims that Mr. Goode is the candidate for the speakership of the Texas Pacific people, who have settled down in clouds on Washington. They are after a subsidy of $150,000,000, and claim to have the influence of the administration.

THE terms of eighteen republican and six democratic senators expire with the present congress. If the democrats carry Ohio next week, the republicans stand no more chance of controlling the senate again than a cow does of flying.

IN GENERAL.

SENATOR CONKLING feels like a busted savings bank.

KENTUCKY girls now comb their hair *a la* Mrs. Hayes.

ISN'T it almost time to send an expedition to find Gen. Howard.

THE president should make a tour of conciliation through Iowa and New York.

THE pope has been contemporary with all presidents, being seven years old when Washington died.

IT is said upon reliable authority that four fifths of the Baptists in the world are in the United States

THERE is a point in the Chicago Journal's observation that "Cleopatra's Needle" is threading its way to London.

NOW is Hayes's great opportunity. He must either shake Conkling, or Conkling and Blaine will shake him.

BEN. BUTLER still looks upon the president's policy with one suspicious and one drooping eye. But it was ever thus with Ben

LOWELL COURIER: Napkin rings made of Russia leather are the latest novelty on dining tables. Beefsteaks of American leather are not new.

EX-SECRETARY BRISTOW is said to have stowed away two bottles of choice wine, one of which he proposes to open at his daughter's wedding, and the other at the nuptials of his son.

THE United States was represented at the funeral of Thiers by three generations of its ministers—Mr. Bigelow, Mr. Washburne and General Noyes.

THE Boston Golden Rule states that Messrs. Moody and Sankey are paid, as evangelists, a stated salary, made up by several wealthy gentlemen in different parts of the country.

FROM out the blazing patent pile
Comes omen far better than riches;
Though poor, the country's once more safe,
For so is Washington's old breeches.

THE committee on distribution of birds throughout the forests of south Jersey have been authorized to expend $1,000 during the next year to purchasing birds and attending to their proper distribution.

BISMARCK, when passing through Leipsic on his journey to Gastein, consulted Dr. Georgii. It is said that he complained of being unable to apply himself with vigor to his work, and that whenever he has been at work for several hours he is unable to sleep for many nights afterward.

MLLE AIMEE's dog Didi is dead; but as the animal's death brought the actress five thousand dollars' worth of free advertising, she feels no more sorry over its loss than if it had been simply her sister or an only child.—New York Witness.

PROMINENT southern members say that Alexander Stephens' statement, that the southern vote is almost solid for Randall, is unwarranted. The southern members will hold a quiet caucus, before the regular caucus, to decide whether they shall support a southern man.

COL. WADE HAMPTON, JR., son of Gov. Wade Hampton, has been nominated without solicitation by the democrats of Washington county, Miss., where he is engaged in planting, as a candidate for the house of delegates. Col Hampton was at one time an aid-de-camp upon the staff of Gen. Joseph E. Johnston.

A NEW YORK firm has successfully introduced a new mode of shipping oysters to England. The bivalves are first opened and then put in refrigerating tubs, which are afterward carefully closed. The first shipment made in this way was sent on the 16th of August, and the oysters arrived at their destination in perfect condition.

THE widowed wife of Captain Logan, killed in Gibbons' fight, with five little children, were the recipients of kind attention from the people of Helena, Montana, and the Helena Herald urges Delegate Maginnis to endeavor to procure a special pension for her, with the aid of the military authorities.

SENATOR PATTERSON was one of the callers at the white house the other day as the senator is under indictment for bribery and corruption, he should go home and stand his trial. Perhaps the white house would prefer to see him after his innocence had been demonstrated to a petit jury.

SAYS Puck: Parisians are playing base ball—and now monsieur le pitcheur gracefully pitches the ball to monsieur le strikaire who makes a trois base hit into the estomac of monsieur *le champ a le garche* (left field), who exclaims "verdeau," and sits down on the grass for rest and refreshments.

HAYES, at Atlanta, said: "When Greek meets Greek you know what the conflict is. And, more than that, you know exactly how it will terminate. That party in that fight will always conquer that has the most Greeks." In other words, eight can lay over seven. Hayes understands that little affair.—Democratic exchange.

MR. D. H. ARMSTRONG, whom Gov. Phelps has appointed to succeed the late Senator Bogy, of Missouri, is an ardent believer in the future of the western democracy. He looks for defeat under an eastern candidate in 1880, but expects that then, under the new apportionment, the west will obtain control of the convention and make the platform and nominations.

THE crop of "tidies" is unusually large this year. The ladies have made a great improvement in this article, and can now cover the back of a $2 50 chair with a wonderful maze of silk, satin, lace and embroidery, costing $15 or $20. Experienced and far-sighted men are laying in a stock of camp stools so as to have a chance to sit down this winter.

THE crown princess of Germany and her imperial husband are most anxious that their eldest son, Prince William, should have the benefit of a long residence in England. "the only country," says the amiable princess, "where he can learn how to become a gentleman." The prince and princess wished their boy to have quarters at one of the royal palaces out here difficulties arose, and the result is, says the Whitehall Review, that the crown prince has taken rooms for the lodging of the future emperor of Germany.

THE new beer-barrel stamps approved by Commissioner Raum are consecrated to the memory of some very excellent gentlemen. The stamp for hogsheads is of black, and has for the central figure a vignette of Silas Wright; that for a barrel is pink, with a vignette of Andrew Johnson; for half barrel buff, with a vignette of Jefferson; third of barrel, purple, with a vignette of General George A. Thomas, fourth of barrel, green, with a vignette of Thos. H Benton; one-sixth barrel, brown, with vignette of Thomas Corwin, and eighth of a barrel, blue, with vignette of Washington. None of the new stamps will be issued until the old stock is exhausted.

POLITICAL

MR. HAYES should buy Mrs. Hayes a new dress We are tired of that "rich black silk."—*Cincinnati Gazette, rep.*

IF the late Mr. Blaine were alive now he might be able to furnish Mr. Conkling some reminiscements.—*Philadelphia, Times, ind.*

SURELY the millennium must be dawning when a friendly article anent Ben Butler appears in the Augusta, Ga., Chronicle.—*New York Commercial Advertiser, rep.*

ALL the fools aren't dead yet. Baltimore has an incorporated organization called "The Society of the Army and Navy of the Confederate States."—*Pittsburg Commercial rep.*

THE liberties of the people are dependent on the democratic congress Let them cut down the army and continue the work of retrenchment and reform.—*Lynchburg News, dem.*

THE proposition to increase the army will hardly meet with favor from any quarter in the south, although it has really less to fear from the army now than the north.—*Nashville American, dem.*

POSTMASTER GENERAL KEY is rapidly becoming the target for newspapers of every shade of opinion. It is about time for him to subside But if he will appear in the ring let him assume a less conspicuous part than he has hitherto attempted to fill.—*Philadelphia Chronicle, dem.*

THE workingmen who seek for a "labor bureau" in the federal government, are just as aristocratic as the capitalists who demand a large standing army to protect them from strikers. The large common-sense of the country is not going to be deceived by one set or the other. It will no more endure an aristocracy of labor than a titled or landed aristocracy. —*Baltimore Gazette, dem.*

CASSIUS M. CLAY has been hanging on the verge of the democratic party ever since General Grant refused to reappoint him minister to Russia. Yesterday he performed the political *auto da fe* which takes him at once into the bosom of the Kentucky democracy. He killed a nigger. He can now be elected to any office in the country in which he lives.—*St. Louis Globe-Democrat rep.*

THE general government does not require a large army, as the states can amply protect themselves with well organized militias, which do not add greatly to the burdens of the people. The services rendered by the present regular army is not at all in proportion to the vast proportion of keeping it up. It is altogether too costly and an effort should be made as soon as practicable to put both the army and navy on a more economical footing.—*Nashville Banner, dem.*

WHILE such men as Hampton, Gordon and the rest have solemnly pledged themselves to accept, and maintain in good faith the results of the war, they have not acknowledged that the principles they sought to establish by the war were false—and they never will. They say—and it is all we can ask them to say—that having appealed to the arbitrament of arms and failed, they will abide by the decision in its letter and spirit, and cheerfully and faithfully obey the constitution of the United States and all laws made in accordance therewith.—*St. Louis Republican, dem.*

MR. TREMAIN being asked by the injudicious Ward, of Allegany, who made the solid south, judiciously replied, "Don't revive issues that were laid at rest yesterday." The notorious Billy the Smoker was on Thursday evening arrested as he was about to open a jewelry store with a crowbar. On being brought before Judge Duffy that excellent magistrate said: "William, what were you doing at that store last night?" And Tremain's scholar replied: "Don't revive issues that were laid at rest yesterday."—*New York World, dem.*

THERE is an old story of a traveler sitting at a western hotel table. He ordered beef-steak for his breakfast, and the waiter presently brought a small piece on a large plate The traveler turned it over, inspected it carefully, then said to the waiter, "Yes that's the kind; now go and get me as me as soon as you can." That is what the country is saying to the president. It has been looking at the little dish of civil-service reform he has brought, and it likes it. Now it wants enough for a square meal, and it would like the president to know that it has waited a good while and is hungry.—*New York Herald, ind.*

MR. ROBERT TOOMBS, in an interview with a reporter of the Baltimore Sun, says: "Mr Hayes, after leaving the north, must have been astonished to find an absence of office-seekers in the south. In Georgia you could not find a southern man who would give his time to a federal office." And yet there are now on file at the attorney general's office applications from fifty democrats in Georgia and seven republicans for the position of United States marshal of that state. How is that, Mr Toombs? There have been Georgians here ever since Mr Hayes was inaugurated begging for office—natives of Georgia, who have hung around the lobbies of the white house as most persistent office beggars.—*Washington National Republican, rep.*

HOME POLITICS.

DR. JAMES S JONES is regularly announced in the Thomson Journal as a candidate for representative from McDuffie county.

GENERAL PHIL COOK, congressman from the third district, has gone to Washington to prepare for the extra session.

THE democratic committee of Pike county will meet on the 9th instant to consider the campaign.

TAYLOR county believes in putting young energies to work in the reform mill, under the new constitution, and will send A. A. Carson to the legislature.

COWETA county is going to hold a general mass meeting, irrespective of party, on the 13th, and try to select legislative candidates who will be unanimously endorsed.

MCDUFFIE democrats will mass-meet on the 16th to select delegates to the senatorial convention of the twenty-ninth district on the 6th of November.

H. C. RONEY, Josephus Hillman, Judge James B Neal and Colonel W D. Tutt will contest for the senatorial nomination in the twenty-ninth district.

"JOHN PLOWHANDLE," in the McDuffie Journal, says "nominations are jugglers' tricks" and he wants "an open field and a free fight."

A WRITER in the Madison Home Journal very solidly opposes the rotation plan in senatorial nominations and urges the abandonment of such an absurd system of district representation.

REPLYING to a large number of their fellow citizens, Hon. J M Mathews, of Talbot, yields to their wishes that he shall return to the legislature and Hon John Maund cheerfully submits" to come again. Both have proven efficient representatives.

THE democratic executive committee of Sumter county meets on the 9th instant to consider the party action with reference to the ensuing election for members of the general assembly.

MR. RESPASS, late of the constitutional convention, in a letter to the Sumter Republican, says: "The present legislature was not put out of office by the convention because of any objection to that body, but simply to save the expense to the state of two sessions next year," and favors the return of the old members of both the house and the senate.

THREE DESTINIES.

Three roses nod and talk
Across a garden walk;
One, lifting up her head,
Clad all in damask red,
Cries gayly, in her pride,
"To-day I'm full fair and wide,
My beauty shall be seen,
Adorning Beauty's queen."

"And I," the blush-rose cries,
"Shall be the envied prize;
A lover shall convey,
Unto a maiden fair
And she will kiss and wear
My blushes in her breast;
There I shall sleep and rest."

"And I," the white rose sighs—
"Before the sunshine dies,
I shall lie hid from sight
Within a grave's dark night;
But not in vain my bloom;
If I have cheered the gloom,
Or helped to soothe and bless
A mourner's loneliness."
[Norah Perry, in Harper's Bazar.

SHEEP RAISING.

An Essay Read Before the Summer Meeting of the South Carolina State Grange by Col J Wash White.

I regret my inability to produce anything new or to make this subject as attractive to others as it is to me, though old tales are often new to our young friends, and what I write may be new to some, though old to most of us.

Of the many animals domesticated by man, no other has proven so generally profitable as the sheep. This has been known and appreciated from the creation until now, varying, of course, with local advantages; but any farmer may raise a few sheep almost without any expense, though when enough are to be raised to make their wool one of the principal crops, there must be expenses incurred in the preparation of pastures, sheds, troughs, racks and provender for winter feed, and they must have the attention of a careful man a portion of every day, varying with the seasons from half an hour to twelve or fourteen hours; but this long term lasts only a month or six weeks during lambing time. When all of these necessary conditions are complied with, the sheep will pay a profit of fully fifty per cent on cost of raising, and often double that. The manure will pay for the labor and care, and the lambs will overpay all other expenses, leaving the wool clear profit. It is true that it requires labor and painstaking to succeed well with sheep, but does any stock do well without care and attention? With this very important advantage in favor of the sheep—he never dies insolvent; he has either paid his board in advance or has on his back wool enough to square up arrears. If your colt, calf or pig dies, all that he has cost you is lost, and even when these more expensive animals do well, they rarely sell for more than the cost of raising; there is very little margin left for clear profit. I have never been able to see any.

If you want a cheap flock that will bring you in a good supply of wool and mutton such a flock can be had by buying good strong common ewes and breeding them with a number one Merino ram. These cross breeds are a capital farmer's sheep, and are hard and thrifty. These ewes can be bought for about one dollar and a half and a good ram for twenty dollars. A beginner had better start with fifty or a hundred ewes, and herd up in number as well as grade, until he learns the trade of the shepherd, which is as important to learn as any trade requiring skill. We will s art with:

One hundred good, strong, common ewes, costing	$150 00
Two good Merino rams, costing each $20..	40 00
Interest on capital from 1st June for one year	13 30
Grazing 102 sheep during the summer at 25c	25 50
Wintering 102 sheep at 50c	51 00
	$279 80
June 1—Cr. by 40 half Merino ewe lambs, worth $2	$80 00
By 40 half Merino wethers, worth $1 50	60 00
First year—Cr. by 200 lbs. wool from old ewes at 25c	50 00
By 20 lbs Merino wool from 2 rams at 25c	5 00—$195 00
Balance of cost and expenses unpaid	84 00
The flock now numbers 182, with debt	$84 00
To interest for one year	5 93
To grazing 182 sheep during the summer,	45 50
To wintering 182 sheep	91 00
Total	$227 23
June 1—Cr. 40 ewe lambs, same last year, $2	$80 00
40 wethers, $1 50	60 00
Second year—200 pounds wool from old ewes	50 00
20 pounds wool from rams	5 00
400 pounds from 80 yearlings	100 00—$295 00
Balance over paid and to credit of flock	$ 67 77
Now, to begin the third year we will have balance cl ar profit	$ 67 77
One hundred old ewes, worth	150 00
Two Merino rams, worth	40 00
Forty yearling half breed ewes, worth 3	120 00
Forty yearling wethers worth $2 50	100 00
Forty ewe lambs, worth $2	80 00
Forty wether lambs, worth $1 50	60 00
	$617 77
This is now our stock of sheep money, after paying expenses; but we should have allowed two per cent for deaths, and for fear this will be regarded as too good to be true, will have it	308 88
Total	$308 89

Now, what other crop will show such gains, and what other crop will fertilize your land while paying you a profit? It is true of this business, like all others, that small flocks pay a greater proportion of profit than larger ones, simply because you can handle them better, but I firmly believe that you can raise from eighty to one hundred per cent of lambs from good common ewes for years, as more will have twins than a single lamb, and being good nurses they raise twins well. Eighty per cent is usually allowed for full-blooded merinoes, as they are not so good nurses as the common eyes, and rarely have twins. The ewes should not be allowed to have lambs until they are two years old. The improvement will continue for several crosses, but not in so great a degree, as you gain half blood the first cross, only a quarter the second, and so on. In utilizing the manure, our plan in summer is to use a portable fence, and penning the sheep on the land at the rates of 1,000 sheep to the acre, and to remain on it one week, when the pen is moved and the land ploughed. In this way you may enrich land enough to raise turnips sufficient to winter them. It is about equal in its effects the first year to 400 pounds of best guano, and much more lasting. We cannot go into details in an article like this, but having had much experience with sheep, and having experimented with several of the most popular breeds known to us, I will give the result of my experience. I have tried Bakewell or Leicesters, Cotswold, New Oxfordshires, South Downs, African broad tails, and French and Spanish Merinoes. I regard but two of these breeds adapted to the south, namely the Spanish Merino and broad tail. The latter being a native of a hot climate, stands the sun better than any other breed, mature early, are very free from diseases, and are good nurses, and make fine mutton. They develop a great deal of fat on their rumps, and their tails grow to enormous size, sometimes are fifteen and sixteen inches wide and four inches thick, and are regarded as a great delicacy by mutton eaters. If mutton alone is the object, then I would recommend them, but if wool is the first consideration, then the Merino has no equal; and for crossing with other breeds, the Merino is without question the sheep—improving our common sheep so as to make them one of the best of farmers' sheep, giving both wool and mutton. The Spanish Merino does not mature until about four years old, and lives to a much greater age than any other breed. When grown they make very fine mutton, heavy fleeces and pay their board so well we can well afford to keep them until they are grown. Any well fed flocks of Merinoes should average seven pounds of wool in the dirt, which before the war was worth fifty per cent. more than common wool, but since the war the half breed wool brings the higher price, showing that the people wear less of broadcloth than heretofore, covering their poverty with coarser fabrics. The Merino is especially adapted to living flocks, rarely separate or scatter, and have the faculty of finding their living on our old field pastures where most other animals would perish. As it would consume more of your valuable time than could well be spared to listen to such as this, I will close by referring the uninitiated to a work written at the special request of one of our distinguished statesmen, the late Governor Alston, by the late Col. Henry S. Randall, of New York, especially to encourage sheep raising in South Carolina. In this book you will find the subject treated in all its bearings, from the preparation of the land to the manufacture of the cloth. Buy it and read it; it will do you good. Its title is "Randall's Sheep Husbandry at the South." He is regarded as the highest authority in America on the subject. All of which is respectfully submitted.

JAMES W. WATTS.

Explanatory.

Milledgeville Old Capital, Sept 8.

In the Capital of the 1st inst. there appeared an article under the head of "Bushels of Money," which we are satisfied, upon mature reflection, does injustice to the citizens of Atlanta. Whatever else may be our faults and failings; however ignoble we may be in the eyes of some people, who allow their better senses to be warped by momentary passion, we have never yet fallen so far below the standard of true gentlemen as to be unwilling to right a wrong which we had unthoughtedly and unwittingly committed.

In the warmth and zeal which he felt in the matter, the writer of the article referred to used language which admits of, and, to be frank, bears on its face, a construction which he never intended to convey, and he asserts most positively that he intended making no reference to the social or moral status of the city of Atlanta, in so far as the same related to its society.

The writer has friends, and many of them, in the Gate City, an insult to whom he would as promptly resent as would the editors of THE CONSTITUTION His language was intended to apply only to the political circles, of which Atlanta was the head centre, by reason of her position as the capital. It was these that the Capital desired to attack, and to convey the idea also that men who came among her people, and who are known to have robbed the people of the state,

ROUNDABOUT IN GEORGIA.

—The dainty opossum affects bullaces.

—Mr. Joseph Morton, of Athens, is dead.

—Miss Eberhart, of Athens, died last Saturday.

—Douglas county will vote unanimously for Atlanta.

—Four new churches are to be built in Hart county.

—The Columbus Enquirer wants Toombs for governor and Gordon for senator.

—The turnip crop in Talbot county it almost a total failure—so the Standard says.

—Macon printers are ore by one dropping off into untimely graves. Overdoses of italic occasion the disease.

—The Macon Telegraph alludes to the weekly papers that are in favor of Atlanta as "the lesser satellites."

—Rev. J. S. Pinkerton has resigned the rectorship of St. George's Episcopal church in Griffin.

—Rev. W. Watkin Hicks, who flourished around through Georgia awhile, is said to be preaching in Chicago.

—Mr. J. W. Chapman, late an attache of the Talbotton Standard, has bought an interest in the Washington Gazette.

—The Augusta swallows all sleep in one chimney, and they don't take off their clothes when they go to bed, either.

—Col. Jones, of the Macon Telegraph, invites Henry Cabaniss, of the Monroe Advertiser, to shame on himself. If Cabaniss takes our advice, he won't do any such thing.

—The Union and Recorder says that after the election the state won't hold us. He means, of course, that we will feel good over the victory of Atlanta. Does the man see the handwriting on the wall-paper?

—Were *we* the *editors of the* Macon Telegraph, *we* wouldn't *use so much italic.* The *capital* will *never* be *removed with italic,* nor does *the use of* this kind *of type* add force *or emphasis to* argument. *Besides* it is *enough to kill the printers.*

—It is said that Mrs. John T. Raymond, one of the brightest and wittiest women on the stage, is a Georgian and a Roman Catholic. Her father was an artillery officer who resigned his place in the army, and lost his life in the confederate service.

—Writing of Dr. Lovick Piece, the Talbotton Register says: This great man is rapidly failing, and will soon be gone from among us. He preached a short sermon, scarcely audible, and left to officiate at the burial services of Mrs. Breedlove, at Fort Valley. Dr. Pierce is now ninety-three years of age, having spent seventy-three years of his life in the ministry.

—The Talbotton Register says that Rev. Zachariah Stearns, of Taylor county, belongs to a remarkable family. There are five brothers—the oldest 86 and the youngest 71 years of age. Eleven children were born to the parents; and the youngest one had attained to the age of twelve years before a death had occurred in the family. Two of the sons are ministers of the Methodist church.

—The Walton County Vidette says that Mirah Dilliard, son of Jas T. Dilliard, aged 16 years, who lives in the upper portion of that county met a horrible death on Friday last while driving the gin. In riding around on the lever his head was caught between the arm of the king post and a portion of the band shaft attachment and his head cut almost entirely off. He was killed instantly.

—The Gwinnett Herald learns that diphtheria is prevailing to an alarming extent in the eastern portion of the county. Mr. W. B. Waters lost two children recently with this disease, and we understand there are a number of cases in the same neighborhood. It is so fatal that no time should be lost. It can be very easily detected by an examination of the tonsils of the throat and medical assistence should be promptly obtained.

—The Griffin Sun remarks: Jonesboro has hitched up her teams and commenced hauling cotton and goods to and from Atlanta again, rather than be imposed upon by Wadley's intolerable monopoly. We verily believe that the Central railroad, under Wadley's management, has done more to impair the prosperity of the cities along its line, including Savannah, than everything else combined. Indeed it looks as though this road was managed with the view to embarrass the stockholders and temporarily impair the value of the road so that it may be bought up, cheaply, by a few speculators.

—While the papers are talking so glibly about the corrupting influence of Atlanta, will they kindly tell us why it is that neither Governor Smith nor Governor Colquitt have been corrupted? Will they inform us why it was that Treasurer Angier, surrounded as he was by all that was disreputable and dishonest in radical politics, and with an opportunity to make money such as no man ever had in Georgia—will they tell us why it was that he retained his integrity and succeeded in saving millions of dollars to the state? We would be pleased to have fair and candid answers to these questions from those who seem to have an idea that the influences of Atlanta are corrupt and demoralizing.

—Thomasville Enterprise: Just as we go to press we learn that Mr. Robert Love was waylaid and robbed on the outskirts of town on Monday night last. Mr. Love left town a little after dark on the lower Bainbridge road, and when about opposite Dixon Carroll's place, three colored men stopped his horse and took him out of the buggy into the woods. They demanded his money and when they found only forty cents in his pockets they took off his shoes and socks under the impression that he had concealed his money in them. He wandered about all night in the woods and found his way to town in the morning. Mr. Wm. M. Smith found his horse and buggy, guarded by a fierce dog at his lot gate when he went out yesterday morning. Mr. Love's hat was found in the road between town and Mr. Smith's. This is a very strange affair, and shows that the robbers are getting very bold.

—The Gwinnett Herald: We are informed that a severe stabbing affray occarred in the upper portion of the county, near Buford last week. We gather the following account of the difficulty which, we suppose, are reliable: Mrs. Sewell, widow of T. A. Sewell, a few years since married a man named Brown. She had several children by her first marriage. One day last week Mr. Brown attempted to chastise one of the younger children of his wife, when the child fled to its mother for protection. The mother, as was natural, attempted to protect the child from the enraged step father, when in the heat of passion, he made a violent assault upon his wife. Her oldest son, who was present, went to the assistance of his mother at once, with his knife, inflicting five severe wounds, some of them of a severe character. It was first reported that he would die, but the latest information is more favorable, and it is believed he will recover.

DOWN IN DIXIE.

Gleanings from our Southern Exchanges.

—Greenville is still building up.

—Charleston is to have a drumming match.

—A colored female preacher is ranting at Darlington.

—The caterpillar has appeared on Beach Island.

—The Rockbridge county fair will be held at Lexington, Va., October 17, 18 and 19.

—General Gibbon, of Indian fame, has a brother in Greenville county, South Carolina.

—Patrick C. Massie, of Nelson county, Va., a brother in-law of United States Senator Withers, died last week.

—Davidson college opened with 70 odd students. Nearly forty of whom are new.

—Thomas Wilkerson, a colored man, was killed at Gordonsville, Va., on Wednesday, by the caving in of earth whilst ditching an icehouse.

—Rev. Z Harrison, of Gordonsville, Va., formerly of Maryland, and a local preacher of the Methodist Episcopal church south, died last week.

—A woman named Lilly Bennett died at the Richmond almshouse Wednesday from wounds inflicted by an English sailor named James Stevens.

—Mr. Godard Bailey, recently deceased, and ex-editor of the Mobile Register, was formerly a South Carolinian.

—Meade C. Kemper, private secretary of Governor Kemper, has resigned the position, and C. R Whipple, of Richmond, has been appointed to fill the vacancy.

—The wholesale merchants of Richmond say that the trade of that city is improving very much, and is far better than it was this time last year.

—Mr. C. Pemble, of Charleston, who distinguished himself as a nurse during the epidemic at Brunswick, has offered his services to Fernandina.

—There has been considerable talk in Columbia, S. C, recently about a large amount of money, jewelry and plate which was said to be buried near Columbia by Sherman's "bummers."

—The Gainesville Dispatch joins the Eutaw Whig in asking that the crop lien law be repealed after twelve months notice. It insists that this law is the cause of too much credit.

—Robert L. Smith, the colored lad who lost his right arm by an accident on the Northeastern railroad, near Florence, S. C., has developed a remarkable talent for sketching.

—A little son of John P. Eles died of hydrophobia in Kent county last week. The family had recently removed from Baltimore, where the boy had been bitten by a dog about seven weeks ago.

—Wm. Chambers, colored, in Kent county, recently was carrying a loaded gun on his shoulder with the muzzle pointing forward, when he stumbled, fell and was killed immediately by the discharge of the gun.

—Land is in demand in all the region adjacent to Norfolk, Va. It is at least one-third higher than before the war, and constantly rising. A farm that sold for $2 500 several years ago, sold recently for $4,000.

—A report reaches us of the violent death of Jack Helm, a rather noted character in Union county, South Carolina, by a brother of a young girl whom he was trying to persuade to run away with him. Our informant could not learn the name of the party who killed Helm, nor could he vouch for the report further than to say that it came to him in such a way as to leave little doubt of its truthfulness. Helm is represented as a strolling character, going from place to place and deceiving all the women he could.

—Charles R. Paxton has purchased the Coton tract of land in Loudoun county, Va., bordering on the Potomac river, containing 808 acres, for $5 50 per acre. Mr. Paxton is a Pennsylvanian, and now owns over 4,000 acres of land in Loudoun county, and since the war has invested $200,000 in Virginia property.

—Mr. Jno. Pope of Alexandriana, N.C., has the pistol that Gen. Davidson wore when killed at Cowan's Ford. They have the general's initials inscribed on them, and have flint locks, such as were used during the revolutionary war. They would be a subject of great interest should Mr. Pope see proper to send them to the fair.

—The Kent county agricultural fair last Tuesday and Wednesday was very largely attended, and the exhibition of cattle and other products very good. Hon. Thomas F. Bayard, of Delaware, made the annual oration, and was subsequently serenaded at the residence of J. A. Pearce by the Kent cornet band, in response to which compliment Mr. Bayard made an eloquent speech.

—Citizens of Charlotte, N. C., when a sad threadbare-looking tramp presents himself at your doors, do not turn him away without a crust of bread. You may be entertaining some noble but unfortunate president of a northern savings bank, who has put on such a guise to escape the wrath of a community who are unable to appreciate the sacrifices he has made in their behalf.

—Spartanburg, S. C., boasts of a woman ninety years of age who recently walked a quarter of a mile to hear a funeral sermon. If this Spartan woman requires that sort of mental pabulum, her friends should read her a couple of pages from a London comic weekly, and thus obviate the necessity for her taking long walks in her old age.

—A correspondent informs the Savannah News that for several weeks a great excitement has prevailed in the western portion of Gadsden county, Fla., caused by the appearance of a strange "varmint" in the vicinity of Flat creek, near Chattahoochee. Large crowds of men have chased it for several days with dogs, and many shots have been fired at it, with no effect. The most startling and exaggerated accounts were given of it by all who chanced to see it. Some said it was a she lion, some a tiger, some a panther, while others said wolf, wolf. It was very destructive to sheep, having killed thirty or forty head in the last few weeks in one neighborhood. It would come near to houses of nights and bellow and howl, some would say with a voice like a steam whistle and the bellow of a tiger. Families were frightened out of their wits, and it is said that some put double chains and locks on their doors and covered over their chimneys. Crowds of men from a distance came and camped in the woods just to hear the scream of the mysterious varmint. The mystery was never solved till Saturday last, when some forty men and as many dogs turned out and the chase soon began. For two or three hours the greatest excitement prevailed, and the air was rent with the yelping of hounds, the yelling of men and firing of guns whenever a sight of his mysterious highness could be had, when finally two or three shots in rapid succession took effect and brought his wolfship to the ground. It was a large sized wolf, five feet long and two and a half feet high. His carcass has lain in state for 24 hours, that all the community might come and view the great tormenter. It is not yet decided who made the fatal shot.

—Happy tidings for nervous sufferers and those who have been dosed, drugged, and quacked, Pulvermacher's Electric Belts effectually cure premature debility, weakness, and decay. Book and Journal, with information worth thousands, mailed free. Address PULVERMACHER GALVANIC COMPANY Cincinnati, Ohio.

Skating Rink.

New Skating RINK, Grant's Building UNDER Young Men's Library.

WILL be open every afternoon at 3 o'clock, and every evening at 7½ o'clock Admission for Ladies, Free. Dominick & Mauro's Italian Band will be in attendance Tuesday and Friday nights. Dancing after skating is over.

JNO. J BREWER, Proprietor and General Superintendent.

376 sept9...d1m top 2d col 3d pg

Dr. Tutt's Pills.

DR. TUTT'S PILLS

Meet the wants of those who need a safe and reliable medicine. The immense demand which has so rapidly followed their introduction is evidence that they do supply this want, and proves them to be

THE MOST POPULAR PILL

ever furnished the American people. The highest medical authorities concede their superiority over all others, because they possess alterative, tonic, and healing properties contained in no other medicine. Being strongly Anti-Bilious, they expel all humors, correct a vitiated state of the system, and, being purely vegetable, they do not, like other pills, leave the stomach and bowels in a worse condition than they found them, but, on the contrary, impart a healthy tone and vigor before unknown.

OUR WORDS INDORSED

Dr. C. L. MITCHELL, Ft. Meade, Fla., says: "*I know the superiority of your pills, and want to see them used instead of the worthless compounds sold in this country.*"

Rev. R. L. SIMPSON, Louisville, Ky., says: "*Tutt's pills are worth their weight in gold.*"

Had Sick Headache & Piles 30 Years. "*I am well. Gaining strength and flesh every day.*" R. S. Austin, Springfield, Mass.

He Defies Chills and Fever. "*With Tutt's pills, we defy chills. Illinois owes you a debt of gratitude.*" F. R. Ripley, Chicago, Ill.

Sold everywhere. Price 25 cents. Office, 35 Murray Street, New York.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE

Gray hair is changed to a glossy black by single application of this dye. It is easily applied, acts like magic, and is as harmless as spring water. Never disappoints. Sold by druggists. Price $1.00. Office, 35 Murray Street, New York.

The Georgia State Fair

Will be held in ATLANTA, beginning

Monday, October 15th, 1877

AND CONTINUING ONE WEEK.

LARGE and Liberal Premiums for Stock, Manufactures, Machinery, Agricultural Implements, Fancy Work of Ladies, Fine Arts and Farm Products are offered.

Premium Lists and other information can be obtained by application to

MALCOLM JOHNSTON, Secretary,
207 aug18...dtloct15 Atlanta, Ga.

A RARE CHANCE.

ONE-HALF INTEREST in the COVINGTON ENTERPRISE is offered FOR SALE. The paper is twelve years old, has a good run of home and foreign patronage. Can be bought low down. Address SI HAWKINS, Covington, Ga.
sep27...dtf dh

USE HOWARD HYDRAULIC CEMENT

FOR

Building Purposes,

SUCH AS

Bridges Foundations, Cisterns, Vaults, &c

USED IN

Bridges and Culverts on Cincinnati Southern Railroad.

Send for circular.
Address G. H. WARING,
547 may1...d6m Wilmington, O.

$50, $100, $200, $500, $1000

ALEX. FROTHINGHAM & CO., Bankers and Brokers, **No. 12 Wall St., New York**, make desirable investments in stocks which frequently pay from five to twenty times the amount invested. Stocks bought and carried as long as desired on deposit of three per cent Explanatory circulars and weekly reports sent
oct31—deodly.

Military Clothing

ESTABLISHED 1824.

The oldest Military Clothing House in the United States. Long and favorably known in the Southern trade.

JACOB REED'S SONS,

301, 303 and 305 S. SECOND STREET,

PHILADELPHIA.

Military Companies, Bands and Colleges uniformed at the shortest notice. Satisfaction guaranteed in Cut, Style and Trimming. Prices reasonable.

Lithographs and directions for measurement, with samples of goods, &c, furnished on application.
469 july27...deod3m

Administrator's Sale.

BY virtue of an order of the Court of Ordinary of Fulton county, Georgia, I will sell before the Court House door of said county, on the first Tuesday in November, 1877, within the legal hours of sale, the following real estate, to wit:

The Steam Flouring Mill, lying on the West in and Atlantic Railroad, in the city of Atlanta, known as the Empire Flouring Mills, containing four run of stones, driven by bevel gear with a capacity of one hundred and eighty barrels flour in twenty-four hours. Mill has full chest of rolls, one separate roll for middlings, and first class bolting cloths. Machinery all of modern improvements, engine sixty-horse power, iron shafting, and all now in first class running order and now in constant use.

Also, one six room welling house, corner West Cain and Lucki street, and household and kitchen furniture.

Sold as the property of Elon Vorus, deceased, for the benefit of the heirs and creditors. Terms cash.

Atlanta, Ga., September 6th, 1877.

E P. CHAMBERLIN,
Administrator of Elon Vorus, deceased.
241 sep1...d1awtds

Charlotte Hotel,

TRYON STREET,

CHARLOTTE, NORTH CAROLINA.

TERMS—$2 00 and $1 50 per day, according to location Room. Single Meals 50 Cents. This Hotel is situated in the heart of the city, convenient to the Railroad Depots and principal business houses. J. RILEY DAVIDSON,
164 sep8...dtf Proprietor.

Administratrix Sale.

BY virtue of an order of the Court of Ordinary of Fulton county, Georgia, I will sell before the Court House door of said county, on the first Tuesday in November, 1877, within the legal hours of sale, the following real estate, to wit:

Part of city lot number three, block 6, land lot 77, in the 14 h district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, known in the subdivision of R. R. Gardner property as lots Nos. 2 and 4, each lot fronting on Hunter street, in the city of Atlanta, fifty feet and running back one hundred and five feet. Said lots are well improved.

I will sell at the same time a vacant lot adjoining the above described property, fronting on Hunter street fifty feet and running back one hundred and five feet.

Sold as the property of the estate of D. C. O'Keefe, deceased, for the benefit of heirs, &c. Terms cash. October 1, 1877.

SALLIE F O'KEEFE,
Administratrix of estate of D. C. O'Keefe, deceased.
33 oct3...d1awsw

Business Directory.

DR. JAS. ALLEN LINK,
Dentist,
63 WHITEHALL, corner of Hunter street. Residence 43 Cooper street.
439 july24, 1877. d6m

D. SMITH
Dentist.
Office 66 and Residence 173 Whitehall Stree ATLANTA, GEORGIA.
nov28,1876—d1y

Lawyers.

JAMES G. PARKS,
Attorney at Law,
DAWSON, GEORGIA,
AND Counsel for Corporation of Dawson. Practices in the Courts of S. W. Georgia, State Supreme Court, U. S. Courts of Georgia. Collections a specialty. Promptness insured.
51 oct4 1877..d3m

G. A. HOWELL,
Attorney at Law,
HEALEY'S NEW BUILDING, corner Marietta and Peachtree streets.
6 12 sep30...d1m

ANDREW BATES,
Attorney at Law
GRANT'S NEW BUILDING,
40 Marietta Street,
ATLANTA.....GEORGI
ASA M. JACKSON. L. W. THOMAS

JACKSON & THOMAS,
Attorneys at Law
ATHENS, GEORGIA.
718 may9 1877...dly

J. B. REDWINE,
Attorney at Law
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.
OFFICE, No, 14½ Whitehall street, James Bank Block, room 6. Prompt attention given to the collection of claims. Special references: Hon, John H. James, Atlanta; General Alfred Austell. 389 june26...dtf

GEO F. WOOTEN,
Attorney at Law
AND
GENERAL COLLECTING AGENT
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.
I MAKE all kinds of collecting a SPECIALTY and have in my employ efficient subordinates whose single duty is to assist in finding delinquent debtors, and by continued "dunning" making them pay. No charge for services attached to any claim unless a collection is made. Office In Railroad Block, (up-stairs) opposite National Hotel. 00 apr8,1877...dly

R. A. MASSEY,
Attorney at Law
DOUGLASVILLE, GEORGIA.
WILL practice in the counties of Douglas Campbell, Carroll, Cobb and Paulding, and also in the Supreme and Federal Courts at Atlanta. jan30,1877-d12m

E. L. BERNER. C. A. TURNER
BERNER & TURNER,
Attorneys at Law,
FORSYTH, GEORGIA,
WILL practice in all the Courts, and give special attention to the collection of claims Refer to Wm. H. Head, Banker, Forsyth, Ga. Dumas & Allen, Cotton Factors, Forsyth, Ga. feb1,1877—d1y

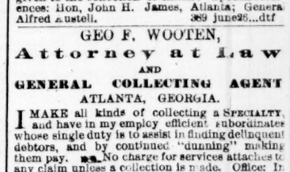
LEONARD PHINIZY,
Attorney at Law
AND
Solicitor in Chancery,
8. E. Corner Broad and McIntosh streets,
AUGUSTA, GEORGIA
References by permission—J. M. Bradstreet, Son & Co., Augusta, Ga.; Wm. T. White & Co., Augusta, Ga.; Alfred Baker, President National Exchange Bank, Augusta, Ga.; Hon. John P. King, President Georgia R. R. & Bk'g Co., Augusta, Ga.; John R. Glenn, Banker, Atlanta, Ga.; Y. L. G. Harris President Southern Mutual Ins. Co., Athens, Ga
Claims collected in any part of the State
feb26,1877—d1y

R. W. BALDWIN,
Attorney at Law
MADISON, GEORGIA.
REFERENCES—Dr. Jas. A Minor, Prof. Law R Univ. Va.; Hon. A. H Stephens, Judge Augustus Reese, Judge Geo. T Bartlett, Col Geo W. Adair. june9—d1f

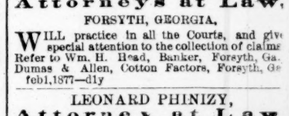
LUTHER J. GLENN HOWELL C. GLEN
L. J. GLENN & SON,
Attorneys at Law
HAVE removed their office to the room formerly occupied by Gartrell & Wright, in the Muhlenbrink Building, corner of Whitehall and Alabama streets. dec31-d1f

O. A. LOCHRANE,
Attorney at Law
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.
mar29—d1f

Undertakers.



FRANK X. BLILEY,
City Funeral Undertaker,
AND
Agent for the Egyptian Balm.
I HAVE the largest stock of Metallic Burial Cases and Caskets in the State. My stock of Wooden Coffins and Caskets is full and complete and I can sell them cheaper than any other house in the city. Come and examine before you buy elsewhere. Orders from abroad will receive prompt attention.
Office and ware rooms No 26 West Alabama, between Broad and Forsyth streets, Atlanta, Ga.
230 sep11...dtf FRANK X. BLILEY.



G. H. SWIFT, Ag't
FOR
O. H. Jones and W. D. Luckie
DEALER in Metallic and Wooden Burial Cases and Cases. The only house in the city that sells the celebrated "Fisk Patent Metallic Burial Caskets and Cases."
Bodies preserved by the freezing process.
Orders from abroad, by telegram or letter promptly attended to. oct15 d1y

Rule Nisi.

Sarah J. Jackson, et al, vs. Mrs. Lucretia Jackson, et al.—Rule Nisi to establish a Lost Deed in Fulton Superior Court.

IT appearing from the return of the Sheriff and the sworn allegations in the above petition, that Mrs. Lucretia Jackson, a defendant in said case, does not reside in Fulton county; and it further appearing that she does not reside in the State of Georgia, it is ordered that the rule nisi be served on the said Mrs. Lucretia Jackson by publication in The Atlanta Constitution, a public gazette of said State, as required by law.

GEO. HILLYER, Judge S. C. A. C.

A true extract from the minutes.
W. R VENABLE, D. C. S. C. F. C.
E. A. ANGIER. Petitioners' Attorney.

Sarah J. Jackson and her husband, T. C. Jackson, vs. Mrs. Lucretia Jackson et al.—Rule Nisi.—Georgia, Fulton county.—Petition to establish Lost Deed—Clerk's Office of the Superior Court.

SARAH J. JACKSON having by her petition filed in this office, set forth that James F. Jackson, formerly of said county, made and executed a deed, of which the following is a copy:

State of Georgia, Fulton county.

This Indenture made this 14th day of October, 1869, between James F. Jacason and Sarah Jackson, both of the county of Fulton, witnesseth: That the said James F. Jackson, for and in consideration of the sum of $400 00, in hand paid by the said Sarah J Jackson, the receipt whereof is hereby acknowledged, doth, by these presents, give, grant, bargain, alien, sell and convey unto the said Sarah J. Jackson, her heirs and assigns, a certain lot of land lying in the county of Fulton and State of Georgia, and city of Atlanta, described and bounded as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the northwest corner of Pulliam and Richardson streets, and running west along Richardson street 960 feet to a 10 foot alley, dividing said property from James Dunlop's lot; and thence north along the east side of said alley 180 feet; thence in an easterly direction across a large branch and up a small branch to Pulliam street; thence south 225 feet to the beginning point containing 1 3 10 acres, be the same more or less. To have and to hold the above granted and bargained premises in fee simple forever to the said Sarah J Jackson, her heirs and assigns; and the said James F Jackson will, and his heirs, administrators and executors shall, the said property to the said Sarah J. Jackson forever warrant and defend against all lawful demands of all persons whatever. In testimony whereof the said James F. Jackson, hath hereto set his hand and affixed his seal, the day and year first above written.

JAMES F. JACKSON [L. S.]

Signed, sealed and delivered in the presence of
EZRA ANDREWS,
N. R. FOWLER, N. P. F. C.,

and the said original has been lost, which is sworn to, should be established in lieu of the original. And it further appearing by the sworn allegations of said petition that James F. Jackson is dead, and his wife, Mrs. Lucretia Jackson, his legal representative, and that he also left surviving him two minor children, Anna and Jennie, for whom Alex. C. King has been appointed guardian ad litem by this Court; it is, therefore, ordered that the said Mrs. Lucretia Jackson and Alex. C. King, the said guaadian ad litem for the two minor children, show Superior any they have, at the next term of first Monday Court of said county, to be held the should not be in October, 1877, why said copy should not be established in lieu of the original.

Witness the Hon. Geo. Hillyer, Judge of said Court, this 14th day of June, 1877.

JAMES D. COLLINS, Clerk.
E. A. ANGIER,
196 july10...d1am3m Petitioners' Attorney.

Relief for the Afflicted.

DR. RICE,

37 Court Place, LOUISVILLE, KY.,

A regularly educated and legally qualified physician and the most successful, as his practice will prove.

Cures all forms of PRIVATE, CHRONIC and SEXUAL DISEASES.

Spermatorrhea and Impotency as the result of self-abuse in youth, [illegible] in after years, or other causes, and destroyer some of the following effects: Nervousness, Dimness of sight, Aversion to society, Self-distrust, Confusion of ideas, Lost of [illegible] Pimples on the face, Pain in the back, Seminal emissions, Impaired memory, Wakefulness, Blotches on the body, Loss of energy, Unfitness to marry, Sexual debility, Premature old age, and many unmentionable symptoms, the result of early indiscretion.

GLEET, Stricture, Gonorrhœa, Syphilis, Seminal Weakness, and all diseases of the Genito-Urinary Organs, whether of long standing or recently contracted, quickly, safely and permanently cured. SYPHILIS in all its stages, treated with the most unfailing success.

It is self-evident that a physician who has made a specialty of a certain class of diseases, and has had the widest experience in the treatment of the same, and who has personally, acquired great skill, Physicians and patients can rely upon his recommended persons to my care. When it is inconvenient to visit the city for treatment, medicines can be sent by express, safely by mail or express anywhere.

Cures Guaranteed in all cases undertaken.

Consultations personally or by letter free. Medicines sent by express. Charges reasonable and correspondence strictly confidential.

A PRIVATE COUNSELOR

Of 200 pages, sent to any address, securely sealed, for thirty five cents. Should be read by all. Address as above. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays, 2 to 4 P. M.
223 aug5 -d&wly

PRESCRIPTION FREE.

FOR THE SPEEDY CURE of Seminal Weakness, Lost Manhood and all disorders brought on by indiscretion or excess. Any druggists has the ingredients.

Address Dr. JAQUES & CO, Cincinnati, Ohio.
dec5,1876—d&wly

Dr. Picord's Essence of Life restores manhood and the vigor of youth to the most shattered constitution in 4 weeks, from whatever cause arising. Failure impossible. Beware of advertisers who offer so-called Free Prescriptions that are useless, and finally prove ruinously expensive. Whatever has merit must cost a fair price. $3 per case. Sent by express anywhere. Sole Agent, Dr. JOS. JACQUES, 7 University Place, New York. Druggists supplied.
61 aug5,1877...dly

OBSTACLES TO MARRIAGE REMOVED.

Happy Relief to Young Men from the effects of Errors and Abuses in early life. Manhood Restored. Impediments to marriage removed New method of treatment. New and remarkable remedies. Books and circulars sent free in sealed envelopes. Address HOWARD ASSOCIATION, 419 N. Ninth St., Philadelphia, Pa. An Institution having a high reputation for honorable conduct and professional skill.
834 may15...d1yr

SUFFERERS from LOST MANHOOD, SYPHILIS, or any disease caused by indiscretion, who have given up all hope after trying in vain all the so-called remedies, will find the only sure relief by calling at, or sending stamp for free, confidential, and beneficial advice to the old Western Medical Institute, 127 Sycamore St., Cincinnati. Write or call and examine in Museum of Life Size Models of cases cured, and you will be convinced it is the only Institute that has and can successfully treat these ailments. No charge to respectable person for treatment till cured.
485 apr28...d1y&24days

A PHYSIOLOGICAL
View of Marriage!
WOMAN AND MARRIAGE
A Guide to Wedlock and Confidential Treatise on the duties of marriage and the causes that unfit for it; the secrets of Reproduction and the Diseases of Women. A book for private consideration reading 200 pages, price 25 cts.
A PRIVATE MEDICAL ADVISER!
On all disorders of a Private Nature arising from Self Abuse, Excesse, or Secret Diseases, with the best means of cure, 224 large pages, price 50 cts.
A CLINICAL LECTURE on the above diseases and those of the Throat and Lungs, Catarrh, Rupture, the Opium Habit, &c., price 10 cts.
Either book sent postpaid on receipt of price; or all three, containing 500 pages, beautifully illustrated, for 75 cts.
Address DR. BUTTS, No. 12 N. 8th St. St. Louis, Mo.
444 aug26 d&wly

MANHOOD RESTORED.
Victims of youthful imprudence, who have tried in vain every known remedy, will learn of a simple prescription, FREE, for the speedy cure of nervous debility, premature decay, lost manhood, and all disorders brought on by excesses. Any druggists has the ingredients. Address DAVIDSON & CO., 86 Nassau St., N. Y. oct20—deodd&wly

Ayer's Ague Cure,
FOR THE SPEEDY RELIEF OF
Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Agus, Periodical or Bilious Fever, etc., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marshy or miasmatic poisons.

Has been widely used during the last twenty-five years, and in the treatment of these distressing diseases, and with such unvarying success that it has gained the reputation of being infallible. The shakes or chills, once broken by it, do not return until the disease is contracted again. This has made it an accepted remedy, and trusted specific, for the Fever and Ague of the West, and the Chills and Fever of the South.

Ayer's Ague Cure eradicates the noxious poison from the system, and leaves the patient as well as before the attack. It thoroughly expels the disease, so that no Liver Complaints, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Dysentery or Debility follows the cure. Indeed, where disorders of the Liver and Bowels have occurred from Miasmatic Poison, it removes the cause of them and they disappear. Not only is it an effectual cure, but, if taken occasionally by patients exposed to malaria, it will expel the poison and protect them from attack. Travelers and temporary residents in Fever and Ague localities are thus enabled to defy the disease. The General Debility which is so apt to ensue from continued exposure to Malaria and Miasm, has no speedier remedy.

For Liver complaints, it is an excellent remedy.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO.,
LOWELL, MASS.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists
Sold by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicine.
4 aug17...d2tsew2m & w2m

Ginning Engines
WM. E. TANNER & CO.,
Metropolitan Works,
Canal, 6th and 7th Streets,
RICHMOND.....VIRGINIA
MANUFACTURERS of Portable and Stationary Engines, Saw Mills, Boilers, Castings of Brass and Iron for Railroads, Mills, Bridges, Narrow Gauge Locomotives.
Ginning Engines a Specialty.
SHAFTING, PULLEYS AND HANGERS for Ginning Houses.
Keep your money in the South, other things being equal.
Send for Illustrated Catalogue—FREE.
454 july26...d&w3m

HERRING'S
Fire and Burglar
PROOF SAFES.
Absolute Protection
VAULT DOORS SUPPLIED. Prices to suit the times. Write or call at 62 Peachtree street, Atlanta, Georgia, for terms.
R. J. WILES, Agent.
608 sep30...d3w

FOR RENT,
GULF HOUSE
THOMASVILLE, GEORGIA:
OPPOSITE Passenger Depot. Furnished or unfurnished. Possession given as soon as desired. Healthy winter resort. Respectfully,
152 sep7...d1m G. W. PARNELL.

Pittsburg, Tenn.

TO RAILROAD. STEAMBOAT, Gas and Water Companies, Owners of BLAST FURNACES, ROLLING MILLS, FOUNDRIES, Forges, Cotton, Woolen and Corn Mills, and to BUILDERS & CONTRACTORS.

— THE —

Southern States Coal, Iron & Land Co

(Limited) have now started part of their new and extensive works and are prepared to receive ORDERS FOR

Coal, Coke, Firebricks, Red Bricks, and Lime.

which can be despatched promptly from the Works on receipt of order and remittance or reference. The Coal is of high quality and specially suitable for Steam, Gas and household use.

For quotations and full particulars, address the Company, at its head offices,
583 sep29...dtf SOUTH PITTSBURG TENN.

Tailoring, etc.

IF CLOTHING MAKES THE MAN! THEN

DEVLIN & CO., THE WORLD FAMED TAILORS,

Of New York, certainly deserve a monument, for their Clothing has made more men than all other Clothiers combined. The undersigned at No 5 East Alabama Street, has on hand and is daily receiving a large line of

SAMPLES OF CLOTHS FOR GENTLEMEN'S WEAR, Fine Furnishing Goods and Dress Shirts,

MADE TO SPECIAL ORDER, which, for Price, Style and Quality, are unexcelled. Representing the above well well known firm, I consider that fact a sufficient guarantee, and I only request an examination of my goods.

EVERY GARMENT WARRANTED TO FIT PERFECTLY.
Give me a call. W. H. STOCKTON,
500 sep27...d1m Agent for Devlin & Co.

Stoves, Hardware &C.

JOHN J. SEAY,

Manufacturer of and Exclusively Wholesale Dealer in

Stoves, Grates, Hollow-Ware, English Pots, Wagon Boxes, Andirons, etc., etc., etc.

A SPECIALTY MADE of LIGHT CASTINGS on ORDERS

The regular run of Light Castings is FOUR TONS PER DAY, and consequently all orders can be promptly filled.

DEALERS will take notice that I have sold out my retail business, and my UNDIVIDED ATTENTION will now be paid to the manufacture and Wholesale Trade. I can duplicate orders on the best Foundries in the country. Send for Price List.

JOHN. J. SEAY,
Rome, Ga.
Office at Foundry, corner Franklin St. and Rome Railroad. 179 aug12,1877...dly

Iron Works.

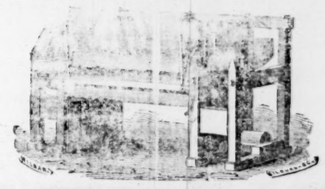
WINSHIP IRON WORKS

SAW MILLS, GRIST MILLS, SHAFTING, PULLEYS & C. COTTON GINS & PRESSES FOR STEAM, HAND OR HORSE POWER. SORGHUM MILLS ETC. ETC.

SEND FOR CIRCULAR To WINSHIP & BRO. ATLANTA, GA.
471 june28...dly

Cotton Factors.

CELEBRATED E. CARVER COTTON GIN.



W. H. HOWARD & SONS,
COTTON FACTORS, AUGUSTA, GA.

WE offer to the planters of Middle Georgia the above justly celebrated Cotton Gin, many of which are now in use in this section, and we can safely say have given entire satisfaction. **Horse Power Gins, 10 in. Saws, $3 50 Saw. Water and Steam Gins, 12 in. Saws, $4 00 Saw.** We can also furnish from our stock in store any part of the above Gins to parties desiring to repair those now in their possession. Ample time to test Gins before paying for them.
57 jly5, d&w till dec 1st.

DR. DROMGOOLE'S

English Female Bitters,

BEST FEMALE MEDICINE EXTANT.

Will Cure All Female Complaints
Will Cure Monthly Obstructions.
Will Cure Old or Young Females
Will Cure Girls at Sweet Sixteen.
Will Cure Cases of Ten Years.

After ten years' test, it has proven to be the only reliable female regulator known, and is now in extensive use by Physicians throughout the country. For all species of unnatural monthly obstructions and excess; for Leucorrhœa or Whites, Falling of the Womb, Ulceration of the Womb, Chlorosis, or Green Sickness, Nervous Debility and Prostration, it acts like a charm. As an Iron and Vegetable Tonic, it is unsurpassed, toning the stomach, aiding digestion, exciting the liver, acting upon the bowels, and building up and giving permanent strength to the whole system.

Will Cure Pains in the Side & Back
Will Cure Hysterics & Nervousness
Will Cure Palpitation of the Heart
Will Cure Girls at Womanhood.
Will Cure, By Regulating.

***Large Bottles

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION: ATLANTA, GA., FRIDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 5, 1877.

PREFERRED LOCALS.

SUGAR CREEK PAPER MILLS.
WM. McNAUGHT & CO.
See Daily and Weekly CONSTITUTION for specimen of our "[illegible]" mar22-dtf

W. C. ASHLEY,
Doors, Sash, Blinds, Builders' Hardware, &c., 33 Broad Street.
205 july13...d'f

THE NEW DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINE.
CRAIGE & CO., General Dealers, 31 Peachtree Street, Atlanta, : : : Georgia.
The best built. The lightest running. The largest and smoothest finished Every Machine guaranteed of best quality and workmanship. Sold as low as the lowest for Cash, or by paying $10 per month.
872 mar30..d1y aug31...

W. JENNINGS & CO.
Sash, Doors, Blinds, Locks, Hinges Paints, &c., 38 Decatur Street.
519 july31..d6m f o f

Valuable City Property in Rome, Georgia, for Sale.
A large nine room Dwelling,
Two Store Houses,
One Market House.
All in good repair and well located, will be sold for about half their value. Apply to
ED. F. SHROPSHIRE,
No. 45 Peachtree street,
26 oct3...d3t Atlanta, Ga.

INDEX TO ADVERTISEMENTS.

Boarding -L A S, P O box 37.
Furniture auction—McCandless, Ellis & Co.
5 room residence for sale—Bell & Son.
No. 1 mule for sale for $65 -9 Jones avenue.
Hot bed sash for sale—W Jennings & Co.
Advice to young men—Moore's B. U.
Business man wanted—Legitimate Business.
St Elmo mess—McCandless, Ellis & Co.
Traveling salesman wanted—Specialty.
Notice—J A Benne t.
Valuable plantation for sale—J N Russell.
Situation wanted—P O box 475, Abingdon, Va
Groceries and provisions—Stephens & Flynn.
Rome property for sale—Ed F Shropshire.
Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.
Dooley's Yeast Powder.

The Celebrated Vienna Rolls.
Among the numerous articles DOOLEY'S YEAST POWDER is used for, are the celebrated Vienna rolls, which are so delicious, palatable and healthy. If you have not the recipe send three-cent stamp to DOOLEY & BROTHER New York, and you will get it, together with many other valuable cooking receipts, by return mail.

Sol Smith Russell,
Who opens at the opera house to night, met with a perfect ovation at Augusta, if we are to judge from the following complimentary notice we clip from the Chronicle and Constitutionalist:
"Sol Smith will never cease to be a screamer He is a genuine kaleidoscope of merriment, and fails into its comic figures and ridiculous pass s in a manner easy and irresistable. He commands his facial muscles as completely and skillfully as the showman does his tandem teams, and glides from one scene to another as smoothly as a boy from the school room to the mill pond. As long as his contenance is his own, and his voice remains intact, he will be a favorite, and will never find any difficulty in drawing the crowded house which greeted him last night."

STENOGRAPHIC report of the proceedings of the convention, giving debates in full on all questions before the late convention, for sale at this office. Price $2 00 per copy.

Advice to Young Men.
Get a Business Education. Moore's Business University, Atlanta is the best place to obtain it. Open day and night.
69 oct5-d3t

Woman's Sweetened Captivity
Although shackled with disease, racked with pain, tormented with scrofula mental and physical suffering: prostrated with chronic derangement and nervous debility, with a wrecked constitution, with pale and haggard features, dullness of the eye and general paralysis of all vital energy, she looks out with feelings of peculiar delight, as her husband or father tells her of the wonderful efficacy of English Female Bitters which he has purchased for her. It cleans the smiles and thanks him for the sweetened captivity oct3...d1w&wlt

The undersigned begs leave to announce that in connection with his well-known establishment,
"THE READING ROOM,"
he has opened a
"RESTAURANT,"
and will keep all the Substantials as well as the Delicacies of the Eating line, of the season. The Restaurant will be run on the same principle upon which the Reading Room has obtained its reputation, that is everything *strictly first class and reliable.* Very respectfully,
C. J. WEDMEISTER,
47 sep30..dtf 42 Marietta street.

GO TO THE NEW
Atlanta Surgical Institute
33 Whitehall street,
J. W. GURLEY M.D.,
Surgeon in Charge, and see them before making "contract" for treatment, and you will save money.
RUPTURE RADICALLY cured where a cure is possible, relief certain. 581 sep30...d1m lp

Astonishing Success.
It is the duty of every person who has used BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP to let its wonderful qualities be known to their friends in curing Consumption, severe Coughs, Croup, Asthma, Pneumonia, and in fact all throat and lung diseases. No person can use it without immediate relief. Three doses will relieve any case, and we consider it the duty of all Druggist to recommend it to the poor dying consumptive. at least to try one bottle, as 40,000 dozen bottles were sold last year, and no one case where it failed was reported. Such a medicine as the GERMAN SYRUP can not be too widely known. Ask your Druggist about it. Sample Bottles to try sold at 10 cents. Regular size 75 cents For sale by all first class Druggists in the United States.
349 apr22...deod&wcowt

In enumerating the ills which flesh is heir to, such as Indigestion, Heartburn, Sick Headache, Sour Stomach, Nervous Debility, chills, Torpid Liver, &c., what a comfort to think that a relief from all of them can be obtained by using Portaline, or Tabler's Vegetable Liver Powder, which can be had of any Druggist for 50 cents. It establishes a permanently healthy action, and its operation is mild and effective. Use Portaline, or Tabler's Vegetable Liver Powder.
441 may2...deowly&wcowly

THE Buckeye has virtues which lie in the bitter principle called Esculin, which have been utilized for the cure of Hemorrhoids, or Piles. If suffering with that disease use Tabler's Buckeye Pile Ointment, only 50 cents a bottle.
441 may2...deowly&wcowly

Consumption can be Cured
SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP,
SCHENCK'S SEA WEED TONIC,
SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS
Are the only medicines that will cure Pulmonary Consumption.
Frequently medicines that will stop a cough will occasion the death of the patient; they lock up the liver, stop the circulation of the blood, hemmorhage flows, and in fact they close the actions of the very organs that caused the cough.
Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia are the causes of two-thirds of the cases of Consumption. Many persons complain of a dull pain in the side, constipation, coated tongue, pain in the shoulder blade, feelings of drowsiness and restlessness, the food lying heavily on the stomach, accompanied with acidity and belching up of wind.
These symptom usually originate from a disordered condition of the stomach or a torpid liver.
Persons so affected, if they take one or two heavy colds, and if the cough in these cases is suddenly checked, will find the stomach and liver clogged, remaining torpid and inactive, and almost before they are aware the lungs are a mass of sores, and ulcerated. the result of which is death.
Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup is an expectorant which does not contain opium or anything calculated to check a cough suddenly.
Schenck's Sea Weed Tonic dissolves the food in the stomach, aids digestion, and creates a ravenous appetite when the bowels are torpid, skin sallow, or the symptoms otherwise of a bilious tendency, Schenck's Mandrake Pills are required.
These medicines are prepared only by
J. H. SCHENCK & SON,
N. E. corner Sixth and Arch Sts., Phila.
And are for sale by all druggists and dealers.
oct2...deodlm

A CROOKED CONTRACTOR.

HE WANTED HUNDREDS OF SKILLED LABORERS.

"Bundles of Letters Wid Hopes Around 'Em"—He Seems to Have Skipped the Town—Vain Visions of Wages.

For some weeks the following advertisement has been appearing in the Chicago Daily Tribune:

WANTED—10 PAINTERS, 200 CARPENters, 100 masons, 200 laborers, to go South: wages, $2, $2 50, $3 per day; pay every week; no time lost in winter; transportation free; must be ready to leave Oct. 1. For full particulars address D. W. WILLIAMS & CO., Contractors, No 4 Wall st., Atlanta, Ga.

One may imagine that such a card attracted great attention in the over-crowded city of Chicago, where men are out of work or eking a miserable livelihood at very the lowest possible wages Think for a moment of the visions conjured up in the homes of idle painters and carpenters in Chicago when the eye of the desperate work-hunter rested upon that advertisement.

INTERVIEWING NUMBER FOUR.

Having his attention called to the matter a reporter of THE CONSTITUTION yesterday dropped in at No 4 Wall street, which is the old "Maison de Ville," and is now run by a couple of gentlemen as a bar-room.
Approaching the busy looking gentleman from "the ould counthry," who was presiding for the moment behind the counter, we said:
"Good morning, sir. I am looking for a party by the name of D. W Williams?"
"shure, an' I don't know him from Adam's house cat, as the sayin' goes!"
"Then you do not know him?"
"Well, he resorted about here a bit—a comin' in and out again—but I didn't know much about him. I haven't seen him now for a week, or the likes of it."
"Did he get any mail here?"
"He axed Jack—that's my partner—to let him have his letters directed here, as it would be more convanient for him, an' we told him all right. We gave him that privilege, sir."
"Did he get many letters?"
"Many? Shure, an' he did get many—
"WHOLE BUNDLES OF 'EM,
"tied up wid a rope! Here's some of 'em now that he ain't called for."
And a pile containing sixteen letters and a postal card, was passed to the counter. Most of these letters were post-marked "Chicago" and appeared from their superscriptions to be from all classes of workmen, the educated and the almost illiterate ones. Some of the writers spelled contractor with a "k" and some had ruled lines upon the face of the envelope, so that the superscription might be written in good carpenter style.

IS IT A SWINDLE?

"This looks very much like a swindle," we remarked.
"That's what I said meself to Jack!" replied the gentlemen over the bar.
Just then another gentlemen whose name we did not gather, farther than that the first initial was "Jim," came to the rescue and detailed these facts:
A man by the name of Ferris came here from Chicago some days ago, relying upon the above advertisement to get employment, and at once hunted up Mr Williams, as it were. The man who worked the job replied that his name was not Williams, but that he was Williams' partner, and that they had a big contract on some railroad. A parley was had, and resulted in Ferris losing faith in the "contractors" and seeking work elsewhere, which he obtained at the barracks.

SNIFFED A RODENT.

The gentleman behind the bar winked and remarked that he knew a captain of the police had been looking for "Williams & Co. etc.," and that he suspected things were getting along toward a focus, causing "the partner" disappearance. This seems to be a very rational conclusion upon the facts.
The meaning of all this business is that "Williams & Co." were upon the make and proposed, it seems, to charge an advance fee of about two dollars to put the party paying in the way of employment. Whether they made much by the scheme is not known.
It may be well to remark that there is already in Atlanta and in Georgia a surplus of workmen of all the kinds named; nor are wages so high as the advertisement offered. Such bids should be regarded with caution by workingmen everywhere

Correspondence.
The following correspondence explains itself:

MR. SPEER TO CAPTAIN HOWELL,
ATLANTA, GA., October 1st. 1877

Capt. E. P. Howell. Editor Atlanta Constitution—
DEAR SIR: In the issue of THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION of September 4th last, appeared an article under the head of "The Capital Campaign," in which language was used in the nature of an attack on my character for integrity and veracity and as a gentleman Presuming that these strictures were based upon an article which appeared in the Milledgeville Old Capital of date September 1st, 1877, which said article was reproduced in the columns of THE CONSTITUTION of the date aforesaid, I have the honor to call your attention to a subsequent article, which appeared in the issue of the Milledgeville Old Capital of date of September 15th, 1877, and a copy of which was forwarded you by mail prior to its publication. accompanied by the enclosed request, to-wit:

"MILLEDGEVILLE, GA., Sept 8th, 1877
"Editors Constitution, Atlanta, Ga.—GENTLEMEN: Enclosed you will please find the proof of an article which will appear in the Old Capital of next Saturday, disclaiming any intention or reflecting upon the society of Atlanta in an article which appeared in our issue of the 1st inst. The explanation speaks for itself. Presuming that your strictures and attack upon our character for integrity and veracity and as gentlemen were based upon this article, we have the honor to request that upon the appearance of this disclaimer, you give it the same publicity as the former article and withdraw the language in your issue of the 4th, which your good sense and taste will point out as offensive to us as gentlemen. Very Respectfully,
"SPEER & HAM."

Regarding the article set forth in our issue of September 15, as an ample disclaimer of the one inviting your strictures, and the said article, together with our request having from some unknown cause been disregarded, I must now demand the retraction sought and ignored by yourself. Very respectfully,
E. P. SPEER.

This will be handed you by my friend F G DuBignon, Esq.

ATLANTA, October 1, 1877.

CAPT. E P HOWELL: Absence from my home and subsequent waiting for a reply from you regarding the *amende* extended through our columns have been the causes of my tardiness in not sooner approaching the matter under discussion in this form. Very respectfully,
E. P. SPEER.

CAPTAIN HOWELL TO MR. SPEER.
ATLANTA, GA., October 2. 1877

Mr. E P. Speer—DEAR SIR: Having this morning obtained a copy of the Old Capital, of the 1st of September, I proceed to reply to your communication of yesterday. The article in THE CONSTITUTION under the head of "The Capital Campaign" was written because of articles which appeared in the Milledgeville Old Capital, of date September 1st, 1877. Some of these were reproduced in THE CONSTITUTION of September 4. They were but a "sample" and "selection" of extracts from the Old Capital, and so designated in the article alluded to above.
In the same issue of the Old Capital was the following language: "Hon. Evan P. Howell has been spending two or three days in Augusta during the week. The disbursement of the campaign fund, we presume, is near at hand." This paragraph taken in connection with the articles quoted in THE CONSTITUTION seemed plainly to charge me with being the disburser of a fund said by your paper to be raised by a corrupt combination, for purposes of corruption. The disclaimer published in the Old Capital of the 15th septemper, did not modify or even allude to this personal reflection upon me.
As you have assumed the responsibility of all the said articles published in your paper of the 1st of September, and have not disclaimed the personal reflection on me, I consider your disclaimer as not "ample," and therefore respectfully decline to accede to your demands. Yours respectfully, EVAN P. HOWELL.

JUDGE DUBIGNON TO CAPTAIN JACKSON.
ATLANTA, GA., October 3, 1877.

Captain Henry Jackson—DEAR SIR: Capt. Howell's communication in answer to Mr. Speer's of the 1st inst., was received on yesterday at an hour too late for answer upon that day, and this morning the following communication has been handed me:

"ATLANTA, GA., October 3, 1877.

"SIR: The undersigned, friends of both parties, learning of a matter of difference between you and Capt. E. P. Howell, ask permission to intervene with a view to amicably and honorably adjusting the same, and to this end, respectfully ask that you suspend further action until we can propose terms of settlement. Our strong conviction of the practicability of an honorable and satisfactory solution of the difference referred to is one reason that urges us to this request. A similar note has been furnished Capt. Howell. Respectfully,
"BENJ E. CRANE,
"J T WATERMAN,
"E W. BECK."

"To Mr. E P. Speer."

In view of the fact that the correspondence has approached a crisis, and desiring to use every effort consistent with the honor of my friend to bring about an amicable and honorable settlement of the difference, and accordingly you with a like desire, I have consent d to a pause in the correspondence that the distinguished gentlemen may suggest a procedure whereby peace may obtain and the honor of our respective friends be preserved inviolate. An early answer to this will oblige, yours very respectfully,
F. G. DUBIGNON.

CAPTAIN JACKSON TO JUDGE DUBIGNON.
ATLANTA, Oct 3 1877.

DEAR SIR: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of yours of to-day in reference to the submission of the matters at variance between Mr E P. Speer and Mr. E P Howell to Messrs. B. E Crane, J. T. Waterman and E W. Beck, according to the proposition contained in their duplicate letter to Mr Speer and Mr. Howell's. I have notified Mr. Crane that the matters of difference are now in his and his colleagues' hands. I unite most cordially with you in the hope that an honorable and amicable settlement of the controversy between our friends may thus be reached. I am, very respectfully,
HENRY JACKSON.

Hon. F. G. DuBignon. Kimball house.

MR. SPEER TO MESSRS CRANE, WATERMAN AND BECK.
ATLANTA, GA., October 3d. 1877.

Messrs. Benj. E. Crane, John T. Waterman, E W Beck GENTLEMEN: Your favor of this date has been handed me by my friend, Mr. F. G DuBignon, and by his advice I have consented to a pause in the correspondence now pending between Capt E P. Howell and myself until you can be heard from further. Believing you to be actuated by a friendly interest, I assure you any communication you may see fit to submit will be received and considered with respect. Very truly, &c., E. P. SPEER.

CAPTAIN HOWELL TO MESSRS CRANE, WATERMAN AND BECK.
ATLANTA, GA, October 3, 1877.

GENTLEMEN: Yours of this morning received. My friend Captain Jackson is fully authorized to act for me in the matter alluded to. Respectfully yours EVAN P. HOWELL.

Messrs. Benj. E. Crane, J. T. Waterman, E. W. Beck.

CAPTAIN JACKSON TO SAME.
ATLANTA, GA., October 3, 1877.

GENTLEMEN: Yours of to-day to Hon E P. Howell, has been referred to me for response. It affords me pleasure to accede to the request therein contained. I trust that you may be enabled to effect an honorable and amicable settlement of the controversy alluded to.
Please notify me of the time and place when you will take the matter under consideration. Yours, respectfully,
HENRY JACKSON.

Messrs. B. E. Crane, J. T. Waterman, E. W. Beck.

DECISION OF THE BOARD.

The undersigned as mutual friends of both parties who have been permitted at their own request to consider and advise as to an adjustment of the matters of difference between E P Speer esq., and Captain E. P. Howell, after considering the facts submitted to us, are satisfied that it was the intention of Mr. Speer in his disclaimer in the Old Capital newspaper of the date of Sept 15th, 1877, to withdraw all language which might be considered as reflecting on Atlanta society and all language offensive personally to Captain Howell, and we advise that Mr. Speer consent to that construction be considered as given to the same.
We furthermore advise that Captain Howell accept the same as satisfactory and consent that all language used in his editorial in THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION newspaper, bearing date of the 4th Sept 1877, that is offensive personally to Mr. Speer be considered as withdrawn.
And the acceptance of the above by both parties shall be considered as a final adjustment of all personal differences between them.
Atlanta, Oct 3, 1877.

BENJ E. CRANE
J T WATERMAN.
E. W. BECK.

ATLANTA, Oct. 4th, 1877.

GENTLEMEN: In the communication handed you this morning, covering the adjustment of matters of difference between E. P. Speer, Esq., and Capt E. P. Howell, it is proper for us to state that the same concurred in by Judge R. P. Trippe and Gov J. E. Brown, who have been in consultation with us at our request. Respectfully yours,
BENJ E. CRANE,
J T WATERMAN,
E. W BECK.

Judge F. G. DuBignon. Capt. Harry Jackon.

MR. SPEER TO CAPTAIN HOWELL.
ATLANTA, GA., October 2, 1877.

Capt. E. P. Howell—DEAR SIR: I am in receipt of a communication in writing this morning from the gentlemen to whom the difference existing between you and myself was submitted for adjustment, and presuming that you have received a similar communication, I proceed to address you in reference thereto: The construction placed upon the article which appeared in the Old Capital, of date September 15, under the captain of "Hisec Non Intentia," by the gentlemen above referred is a satisfactory one to me, and was intended in the light in which they have viewed it, as a withdrawal of all language which might be considered as reflecting on Atlanta society and all language offensive personally to Capt Howell, used in the issue of the Old Capital of date September 1st, 1877 Very respectfully, E. P. SPEER.
This will be handed you by my friend F. G. DuBignon, Esq.

CAPTAIN HOWELL TO MR SPEER.
ATLANTA, October 4, 1877.

DEAR SIR: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your communication of to-day In view of its contents, it affords me pleasure to withdraw the language used in THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION of the 4th ult. which is personally offensive to you. Very respectfully,
EVAN P. HOWELL

Mr E. P. Speer, Kimball House.

This will be handed you by my friend Henry Jackson, Esq.

MR. SPEER TO CAPTAIN HOWELL

Captain E. P. Howell—DEAR SIR: Yours of this date, withdrawing the language used in THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION, of date September, 4, 1877, which was personally offensive to me, has been handed me by Capt. Henry Jackson. In view of its contents, it affords me pleasure to withdraw the language used in the issues of the "Old Capitol," of September the 8th, and 22d, which was personally offensive to you Very respectfully E. P SPEER.
This will be handed you by my friend, Mr. F. G. DuBignon.

ATLANTA, October 4 1877.

We, the undersigned, having represented our principals in the matter to which the above correspondence relates, pronounce it honorably settled as to each of them.
F. G DUBIGNON,
HENRY JACKSON.

FACT AND RUMOR.

—The banana season is opening.
—The soda water season is fading.
—The city is full of railroad magnates.
—The mail carriers tramp over a score of miles a day.
—The McPherson monument is frequently visited.
—Practical jokes are becoming painfully common.
—The Gate City Guards are buckling down to tactics like men.
—Capitalists are mapping out big plans for building next spring.
—Griffin is preparing for an excellent fair, which will open next Tuesday.
—The regularity of trains on the Air-Line road is a subject of frequent comment.
—Get ready your contributions for the library fair and help to make it a great success.
—From the increasing coolness last night it was probable that a frost would appear this morning.
—The Memphis Mardi Gars next year will be largely attended by our rising young men. "So runs the world away."
—Many of our merchants are arranging new signs and displaying their windows to attract the view of the crowds that will be with us during the fair.
—Some of the best cotton men in the city estimate the receipts for the present season at 85,000 bales. Others think they will equal the figures of last season, viz: 90 000 bales.
—In the course of a year or two our city drives will be greatly improved We cannot do without such conveniences, such sources of pleasure.
—The Merchants' bank is receiving the finishing touches, and the Bank of the State of Georgia will soon be moved to its elegant new quarters in the Healey building.
—We were shown yesterday a sample of St Elmo moss, made of pine leaves. Messrs. McCandless, Ellis & Co., are agents for its sale in this market It is an enterprise that should be encouraged

THE POOL.

It Arranges Rates, Divides and Adjourns.

The pool meeting yesterday proved harmonious and altogether lovely Business opens fine in the freighting department, and the railroad officials seem to be in too good a mood to engage in a quarrel.
The report of the committee on revision of rates was considered and adopted. While not thoroughly satisfactory, it was accepted as the best that could be had to make things at all practicable under the pooling system.
The division of the receipts for the past unsettled business was arranged for and will probably be made in a manner satisfactory to the roads engaged.
Some other matters were informally talked over, and a vigorous determination evinced to make transportation business lively this winter.
The association adjourned about noon and most of the members took the afternoon trains to their homes.

Wheaton's Command
General Wheaton's command partly returned from the Spokane and have now gone to Fort Lapevai. We conversed with General Wheaton and several other officers as well as private and all seem to have passed through rough times. Eight Indians were taken prisoners by Wheaton's command when at the Spokane They were pointed out by some of the northern Indians as Nez Perces and bad Indians. We notice three of them are Indians who in times past frequented Lewiston What disposition is to be made of them we have not yet been advised Four companies of the second infantry are still in the field; companies "I" and "H" are at Palous and companies "C" and "B" are at Ollouwn, Idaho.
LEWISTON FELLOW.

STENOGRAPHIC report of the proceedings of the convention for sale at THE CONSTITUTION office. Price $2.00, sent by mail to any address.

THE ROSSINI CLUB.

Reorganization and Election of Officers—Reception During the Fair.

There was an important meeting of the Rossini club on Monday night at which a thorough reorganization took place, and several matters of importance were determined.
The following is the list of the new officers who succeed President Burke and the efficient board who did so much to bring the club up to its present high standard and make it an association of which the city is proud:
President, Harry Jackson; vice president, Capt R J Lowry; treasurer, Mr B W Wrenn; librarian, Prof W B Bonnell; secretary, Mr C M D Brown. Director—associate members: John H Flynn, Charlie Beerman and E P B Powell Active members: J G Scrutchin, Geo K Camp B Langeser, John Conley, J H Morgan and D W Appler
The election resulted in the choice of a good board and officers who will do all in their power for the welfare of the club.
The Rossini is in a

MOST FLOURISHING CONDITION,

and bids fair to maintain its prosperity. There are on its roll about two hundred and fifty associate members and about one hundred active members The number of the former is fast increasing, as many of our citizens wish to enjoy the privileges afforded by such connection The receptions given by the club are always so pleasant and entertaining that the associate membership offers a rare opportunity to those who appreciate the divine art of music On the list of associate members are to be found the names of many of our most influential citizens, all of whom feel an interest in the success of the club and are anxious to promote it.
The club will retain the services of the Messrs Guilford as directors, and of Professor W F Clark as director of the orchestra These gentlemen fill their positions with rare ability, and it would be very difficult to supply their places During the coming winter the club will have frequent receptions, which will of course be social events of great interest
On the night of the 15th, or Monday night of the fair the club will give to the public at the opera house

"THE DOCTOR OF ALCANTARA"

with a very fine cast of characters The leading role, "Lucretia," will be performed by Mrs Annie Simon Werner, who is well known as one of the most delightful singers in the city. The other parts will be finely sustained. This entertainment will afford the many visitors to the fair an opportunity of seeing what our amateurs are capable of doing in the way of first class musical feats. "The Doctor of Alcantara" has been given several times this year, but it has rather gained than lost in popularity by its repetition. A crowded house will greet its presentation on the night of the 15th.

THE VOICE OF THE PEOPLE.

What We Are Able to Hear About the Coming Campaign.

A CONSTITUTION reporter had a talk with Col L. N. Trammell, of Dalton, about the probable vote on the capital question, a day or two since, and this is what Col. Trammell had to say:
"I think Atlanta will whip the fight by several thousand majority. She will get nine-tenths of the votes north of the West Point railroad and west of the Air-Line. She will get two-thirds of the vote in Floyd, and possibly that much in Chattooga and it is possible more than that in Bartow Outside of these counties she will not lose five per cent in the counties inclined. I hear that there is some chance in Union and White counties, but I do not think it will amount to much From what I can learn I think Atlanta will carry southwest Georgia; or let me say more distinctly the second district. I believe she will carry Chatham. She will be beaten only slightly in Richmond, and will carry Wilkes Bibb will give the heaviest vote against her."
"How is the vote in your section?"
"Oh, it is virtually solid. You will find her and there a man against Atlanta but it will be a solid vote in Whitfield, Murray, Dade, Walker and Gordon You should remember this Atlanta will gain votes every day between now and the election day. Her proposition is so liberal that it must win votes as soon as it is properly understood."

WHAT COL UNDERWOOD SAYS

Hon. A F. Underwood, of White county, is quite positive that Atlanta will win. Col. J. L. Nunnally, an old Milledgeville man and Colonel Jamison are for Milledgeville; but the people generally are for Atlanta. He says that the more the matter is discussed the more it will help Atlanta.

HON. OBEDIAH WARNER

is of the opinion that Atlanta's liberal proposition will bring her many votes. It is all that could be asked, he thinks and he knows of many leading men in his section (Meriwether) that have come around to it. He thinks Meriwether will now go for Atlanta by a good vote.

A VOICE FROM LUMPKIN.

A gentleman just from Lumpkin county says that he has canvassed the question pretty thoroughly up there. He does not believe that there will be ten votes cast against Atlanta in the county. He does not know of but one man that is for Milledgeville in that whole section.

THE GALLANT KNIGHTS.

Who Will Contend for the Soldier's Medal at the Fair

One of the most interesting contests at the state fair will be the struggle for the

HANDSOME GOLD MEDAL

that is offered by Messrs. J P Stevens & Co. for the best drilled soldier in the state—only volunteers to enter.
There will be about fifteen entries for this prize. The Cadets will furnish four men, in the persons of Messrs Garrett, Jones, Jarrell and Logan. The Guards will come to the front with Rhinehart, and the Blues with Herzel. Augusta will send four contestants and Savannah two. The contest will be a fine struggle

CAN THE DAHLONEGA BOYS ENTER?

We understand that a point will be made against allowing the Dahlonega Cadets to enter, on the ground that they are commanded by a United States officer, and do not properly belong to the volunteer soldiery of the state. We trust that they will be allowed to come in. They are drilling five hours a day, and will make a fine fight for the prize, if they are not barred.

THE ROZIER MURDER.

The Case to be Re-opened very soon and Enright's Story Sifted.

We are in receipt of a letter asking whether or not Enright's testimony has succeeded in clearing Lovett and Griggs of the murder of Rozier in Sparta.
Enright, it will be remembered, is the witness captured by Detective Murphy. He swears that

THE MURDER WAS COMMITTED

by two employees of Howe's circus, then encamped in Augusta.
In reply, we say that Enright has not yet told his story to the court. When Detective Monaghan arrested Griggs and Lovett for the murder of Rozier, he also arrested a man named Barnes. All were equally guilty or innocent. Griggs and Lovett were tried but Barnes' trial was postponed to the next court. It will come off next week, and Enright will then be introduced. A test case will be made with his testimony during Barnes' trial If Barnes is acquitted, steps will then be taken to save Lovett and Griggs.

AN INTENSE EXCITEMENT

has been developed in Sparta over the new revelations The story of Enright is not generally credited, but there are many who believe it. Detective Monaghan still adheres to the belief that he arrested the right parties. He will attend the trial in person. We shall report it fully and promptly. It will be one of the most remarkable trials ever had before a court.

POLICE POINTS.

—The recorder's court netted $35 yesterday.
—The list of supernumeraries is filled with active and experienced men.
—Umbrella thieves are getting remarkably common and provokingly bold.
—Captain Connally is the youngest captain of police the city has ever had.
—The patrolmen are determined to stop boys from jumping on street cars to steal a ride.
—Captain Cook keeps the station house so nice that it is a luxury for a tramp to get into it.
—There is a generous rivalry among the patrolmen, and their remarkable efficiency is the result.
—Patrolman Starnes assisted Captain Mike White in the capture of Jim Brassell, the "one hundred and sixty years" convict
—The force was paid off for a month's services yesterday. It took a little over $2,100 to do the job.
—The grand jury have found a true bill against the negro boy John Boyd arrested by Patrolman Starnes last Monday for shooting at a colored friend in Jenningstown."
—Henry Cooper was acquitted at the United States court of the charge of retailing spirituous liquors without license but was again arrested by the police yesterday on a similar charge.
—Mr. Tom Mayson lost a valued bird a few days since and insisted on its recovery at any cost. Patrolman Chaffin caught the rogue in Dougherty county his name is Wm. Wyatt, alias Tiller It is estimated that a search that extended through eighty miles was made for that bird.

The Apple Trade.

From what is seen daily on our streets we would infer that the apple crop is immense, and that the fruit is of unusually fine quality. Good fall apples are common at twenty cents a peck Most of our supply comes from up the Air Line road for a long distance. Often farmers drive a wagon load of apples seventy-five and a hundred miles, and take back a load of merchandize. The northeastern counties seem admirably adapted for the cultivation of apples. The counties to the west of us send in quite a supply, also.

Station House Report.

There were two state arrests yesterday. Henry Cooper was arrested on the charge of retailing spirituous liquors without license and on the Sabbath
Wm. Wyatt, alias Tiller for larceny.
There were four city arrests, mostly for petty offenses.
The day passed quietly without any sensation in police circles.

THE COURTS.

Supreme Court of Georgia.

LIST OF CIRCUITS.

Southwestern Circuit	23	Cherokee Circuit	9
Pataula Circuit	13	Augusta Circuit	12
Chattahoochee Circuit	23	Middle Circuit	5
Macon Circuit	21	Ocmulgee Circuit	15
Flint Circuit	28	Eastern Circuit	26
Coweta Circuit	10	Brunswick Circuit	1
Rome Circuit	21		

ATLANTA, GA., October 4, 1877

SOUTHWESTERN CIRCUIT.

No 2. Argument concluded.
No. 20. J T Shepherd, et al, vs S K Taylor, et al., county commissioners. Man amus, from Sumter. Argued. S C Elam for plaintiff in error. Guerry & Son for defendant.
No. 5. Creighton vs. McGlamn. Transferred to heel of circuit
No. 6 W C Stallings et al. vs Bank of Americus Complaint, from Webster. T H Pickett, Hines & Hines for plaintiff in error. Cook & Crisp, for plaintiff in error. Guerry & Son for defendant.
No. 8. Andrew F. Hill vs Jesse Aycock. Appeal from Sumter. J A Austin for plaintiff in error. Guerry & Son for defendant
No. 9 State and County, for use, vs J T Wingfield. Claim, from Sumter. Hawkins & Hawkins for plaintiff in error. Cook & Crisp for defendant.
No. 11. Alfred Smith vs State. Assault with intent to murder from Lee. J R McLeskey, Simmons & Simmons, W A Hawkins for plaintiff in error C B Hudson, solicitor-general, for the state.
Pending the argument of Mr. Hawkins, the court adjourned until 10 o'clock A.M. to-morrow.

Fulton Superior Court.

JUDGE GEORGE HILLYER PRESIDING.

In this court judgments by default were taken in a number of cases.
The case of Scofield vs Gaskill, defendant, and Gaskill and others, claimants, in Fulton superior court, ended to-day, resulting in a verdict in favor of the claimants. The Gaskill children filed a bill in aid of the claim to set up a trust in the property levied on, and made Gaskill party defendant Gaskill answered the bill and set up by way of cross bill the illegal conduct of Scofield in connection with Woodgett as superintendent of the Western and Atlantic railroad in the purchase and sale of scrap iron (Gaskill being co-surety with Scofield), and prayed a decree in his favor The jury found that Scofield had no right to contribution from Gaskill, and found that the property levied on was trust property.
B F Abbott; John A Wimpey, for the Gaskill children
Gaskill for himself.
D F & W R Hammond; P L Mynatt, for Scofield.
The court was occupied yesterday in jury trials the notes of which are misplaced, but will be included in to morrow's report.

United States District Court.

JUDGE W B WOODS AND JUDGE JOHN ERSKINE PRESIDING.

The following was the business of this court yesterday:
The habeas corpus case of Findley Gaston and Prater from the state circuit courts, was heard by the court Question was argued and submitted. Judgment reserved. A T Akerman for the writ Attorney General Ely for the state.
The case of Williams, Bumby & Co vs. Turner, common law, was taken up, and, pending its trial, the court adjourned to 10 a m to-day.

CASES SET FOR TO DAY.

Equity 24—Hardin vs. Hardin.
Criminal 3-7—United States vs J F Mahony
Appeal 6—Clark, assignee, vs. Atlanta National bank.

He Did Not Escape.

Editors Constitution:—In your paper of this morning you state that Jim Brassel alias Gaulsby, the escaped convict who was caught by Capt. White, escaped from the Dade coal mines. Please correct this statement. Brassel was never in charge of the Dade coal company, and did not escape from us. We are not in the habit of perm tting escapes, as we guard the convicts carefully and closely We have had a large force of convicts at the Dade coal mines since April 1, 1874, and have not at any time had more than one man at large during all that time. We think this is a better record than can be shown or any corresponding period while the convicts were confined in the walls. Yours very respectfully,
JULIUS L. BROWN.
OCT. 4th, 1877.

An Excellent Domestic Fuel.

We publish below a letter from Gen. Wilder of Chattanooga, to Major Wells, superintendent of the Dade coal company, in reference to the Castle Rock coal which is now being introduced extensively into this market, and is, we learn, giving very great satisfaction. Gen. Wilder is one of the most scientific geologists and mineralogists in this country, and his opinion on a subject of this character is entitled to great weight. In corroboration of the opinion of Gen. Wilder we can state that such of our citizens as have used the Castle Rock coal in this market speak very highly of it. On account of its nearness to Atlanta, there is less freight upon it than upon coal brought from a greater distance Consequently it is introduced into market at a lower price, and yet the miners and all concerned make upon it as good a profit as is made upon any other coal in the market It is quite an important matter to the community. We understand Mr J C Kimball, in this city, is the sole agent for its sale to the trade generally for Atlanta and the surrounding country.

CHATTANOOGA, Sept. 29 1877.

Major B. E Wells, Superintendent Dade Coal Co:
DEAR SIR—After having used your Castle Rock coal for the past three weeks, using it for cooking and in the grate, I write to congratulate you on having developed and brought to our market so valuable a quality of house coal. I think it is fully equal to the "Sands" coal for house purposes, and being a "white ash" coal, I think it will be very superior for iron making. You have supplied a great need by putting in our market coal of excellent quality at the price of ordinary coal. I am, most respectfully,
J. T. WILDER.

Always keep the bo tle handy,
Do not place it out of sight;
For it cured little Andy,
Who was coughing day and night.
Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

Local and Business Notices

From Swamp and Marsh.

From land left saturated by receding floods, and from pools stagnating in sunken lots on the outskirts of cities, rises a vapor pregnant with disease. Its name is miasma and it is laden with the seeds of fever and ague, bilious remittents, and other malarial disorders How to cope successfully with these destructive maladies is a problem solved more than a quarter of a century ago by the discovery of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which has proved itself an absolute specific for miasmatic disease in every form, its sure preventive, and a superb invigorant and general alterative of disordered conditions of the system. Irrefragible evidence to prove this fact has been accumulating for years, and scarcely a day passes without some fresh corroboration offered. Eminent physicians have, after a thorough test, pronounced the article perfectly efficacious and absolutely pure, and the American people long ago adopted it as their favorite household remedy. 31 oct3...deod1×&wlt

WEATHER REPORT, OCT. 4, 1877.

REPORTED BY R. J REDDING
FOR THE DEPARTMENT AGRICULTURE.

BAROMETER.

7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	MEAN.
28 544	28 675	28 813	28 677

THERMOMETER.

7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	MEAN.	MAX'M	MIN'M
67°	69°	58°	65°	73°	58°

MAXIMUM heat of the direct rays of the sun.....